

NA48 Future Plans

RHIC & AGS Annual Users Meeting - Brookhaven

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On behalf of NA48 – Future Working Group

Outline

- From the address of Aymar (CERN CEO) 13/1/2004:

“...”

iv. Another goal [for 2004-2010] would be: to define possible new fixed-target experiments (praised in another Cogne* meeting in September 2004).

v. To decide in 2006 (...) any proposed R&D or experiment depending on the funds available or expected at that time.

...”

*Cogne=Villars

Proposal (NA48/3)

CERN-SPSC-2004-010 / SPSC-EOI-002

- **NA48 detector upgrading to study $K^+ \rightarrow p^+ n\bar{n}$**

- **High Physical potential**
 - Aim to a 10 % measurement of $|V_{td}|$
- **Availability of experimental infrastructures (NA48/2):**
 - Location for the experiment (ECN3 – high radiation area)
 - Beam line (high intensity, slowly extracted protons from SPS)
 - Subdetectors (e.g. LKr calorimeter)
 - 2004 run (beam test)
- **Goal:**
 - ✓ About 50 Events with a S/B of 10:1 in 2 years of data taking

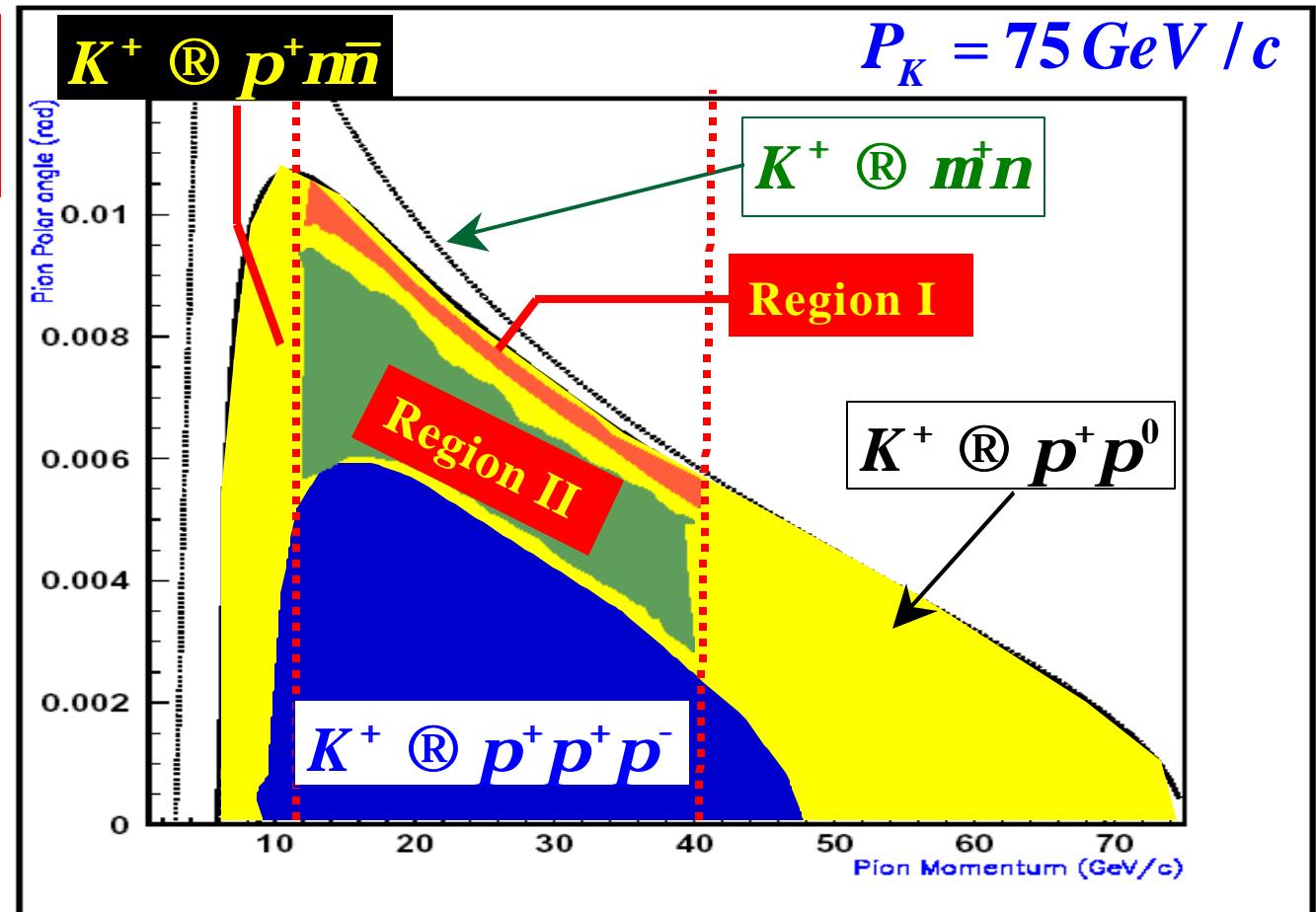
Experimental features

K^+ decay in flight
High energy K^+

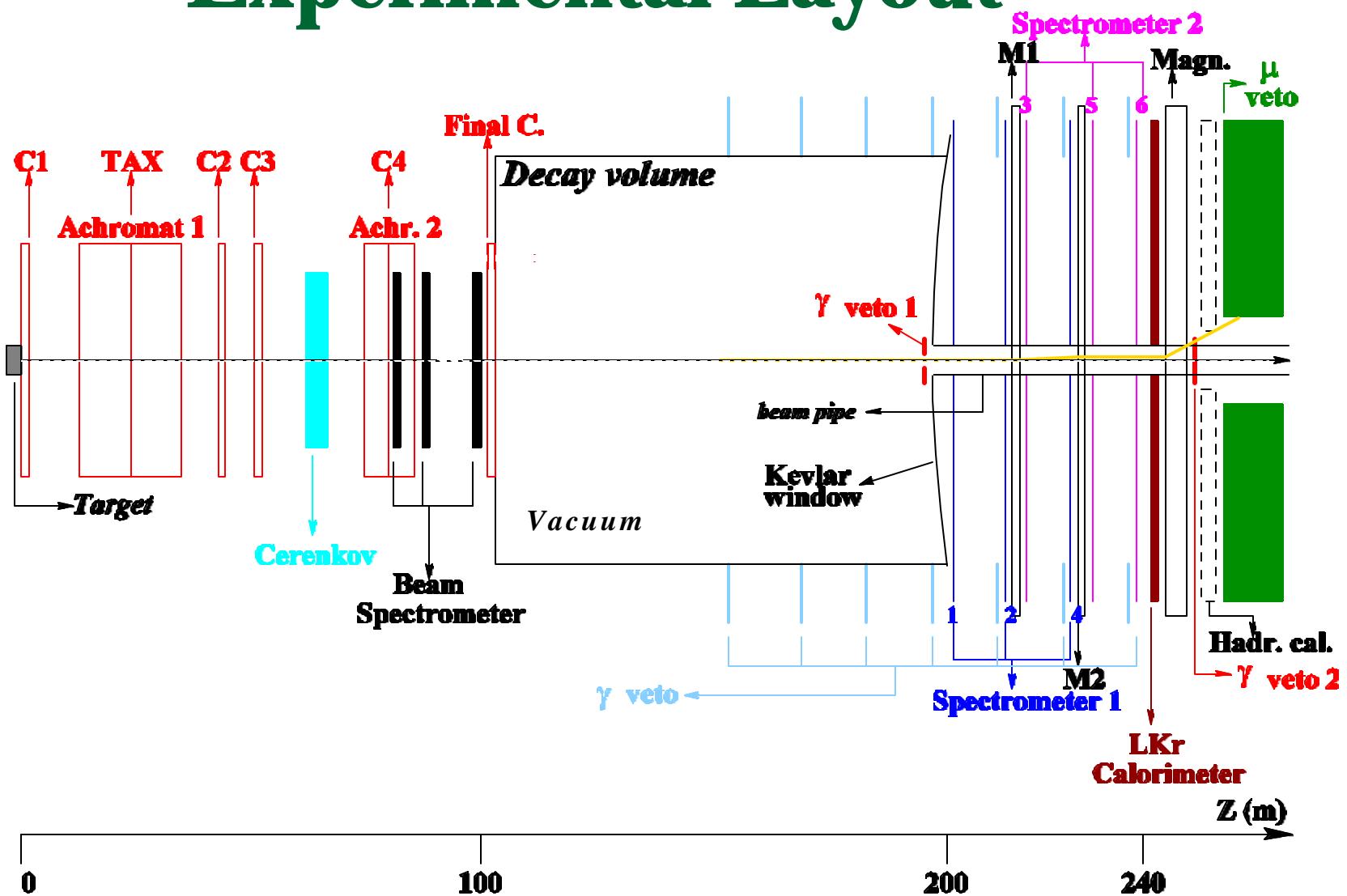
Super-rare decay:
 $BR \sim 10^{-10}$



- ✓ Kinematical cuts
- ✓ Veto systems
- ✓ Particle ID



Experimental Layout



Beam Layout

- **Beam line:**

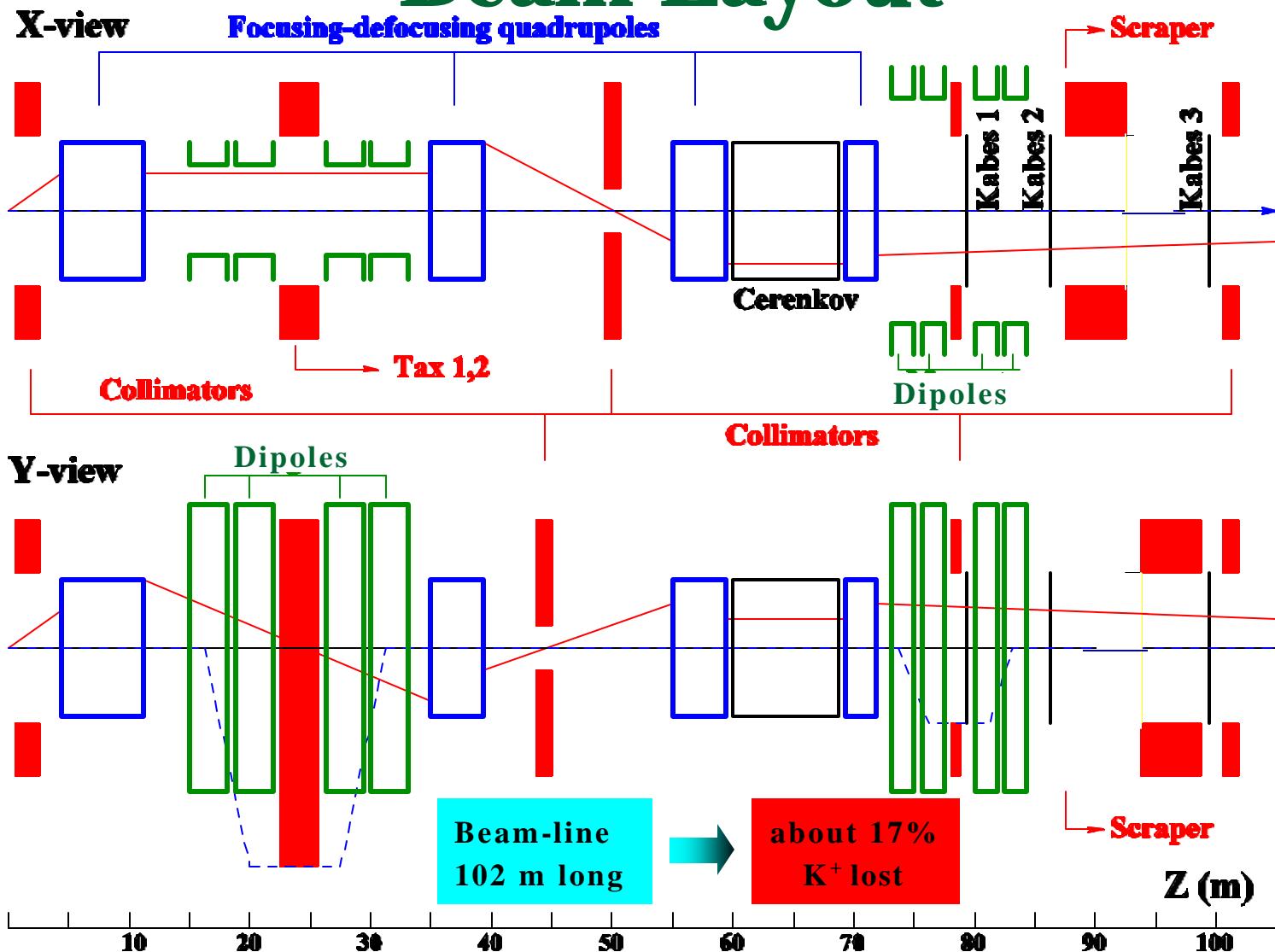
- **Unseparated positive $p^+ / K^+ / p$ beam**
- **P = 75 GeV/c, DP/P ~ 1% (P_p = 400 GeV/c)**

- **Beam detectors:**

- **Differential Cerenkov detector (CEDAR)**
 - **Tag Kaons (made blind to p^+ and p)**
- **Beam spectrometer (KABES):**
 - **Redundant measurement of beam momentum**
 - **Measurement of the kaon direction**

**Micromega-type chambers (already employed in NA48/2)
Silicon – pixel detector**

Beam Layout



New high-intensity beam (1)

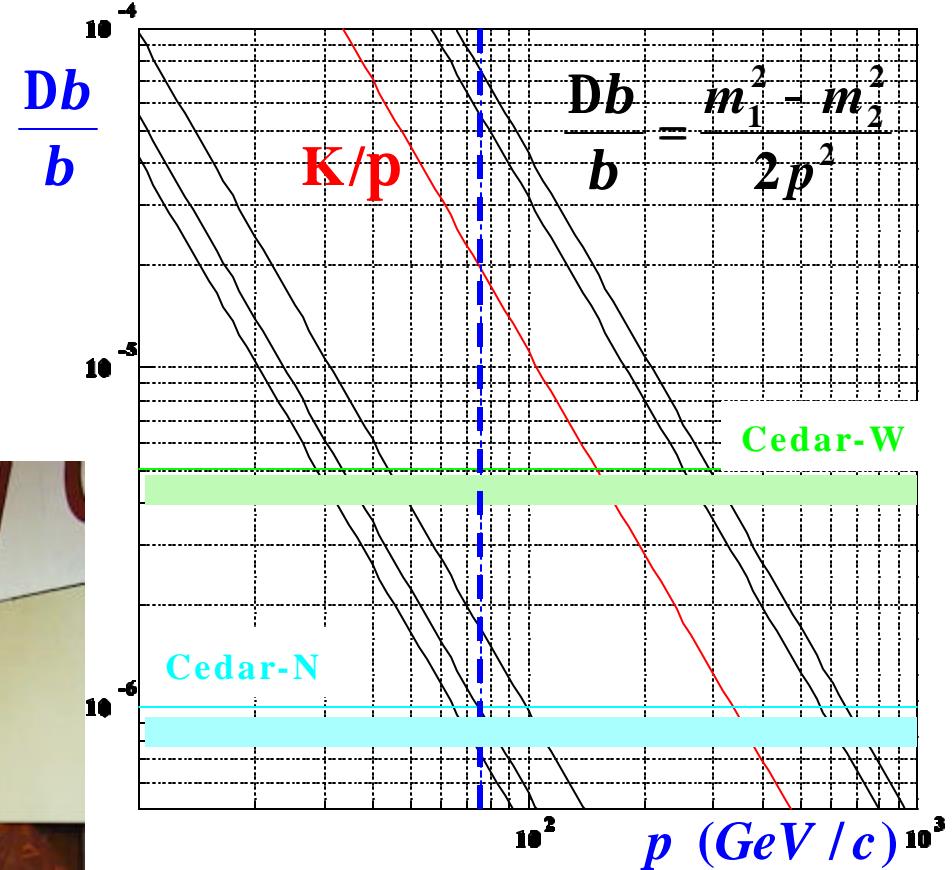
BEAM	NA48/2	NA48/3	Factor
SPS protons per pulse	1×10^{12}	3×10^{12}	3
Duty cycle (s/s)		4.8/16.8	1
Beam acceptance (mrad)	± 0.36	$\pm 2.4, \pm 2.0$	
Solid angle (m sterad)	0.40	16	40
$\langle P_K \rangle \text{ GeV} / c$	60	75	1.35
$DP_K \text{ GeV} / c$	6	1.5	0.375
RMS (DP/P %)	4	0.95	0.25
Beam size (cm)	± 1.5	± 2.5	2.8
Area at KABES (cm ²)	7.0	20	
Divergence (mrad)	0.05	0.1	2

New high-intensity beam (2)

BEAM	NA48/2	NA48/3	Factor
Decay fiducial length (t_k)	50 m (0.11)	50 m (0.09)	(0.8)
Beam flux / pulse			
p ($\times 10^7$)	0.86	49	
K ⁺	0.31	15	50
p ⁺	3.32	150	45
e ⁺	0.95	35	
Total per pulse ($\times 10^7$)	5.5	250	45
per spill length (MHz)	18	800	45
@ KABES / cm ² (MHz)	2.5	40	16
Eff. Run time / days	0.5 \times 120	2/3 \times 90	1
K ⁺ decays per year (inside fiducial length)	1 \times 10 ¹¹	4 \times 10 ¹²	40

Cerenkov (CEDAR)

- ✓ Cerenkov differential counter
- ✓ Highly parallel beam



Test foreseen during 2004 run

Kaon Spectrometer (KABES)

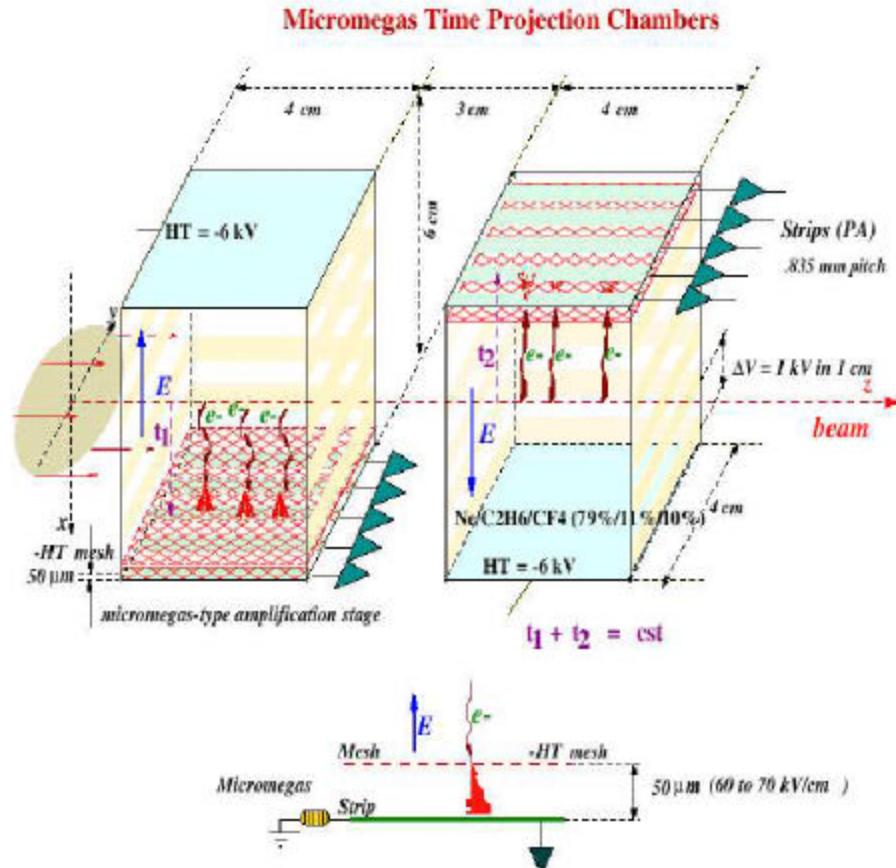
Currently used in NA48/2
@ 2 MHz/strip

- Resolution strips 80 mm
- Resolution drift 50 mm
- Time resolution 0.7 ns
- Dead time/strip 40 ns
- DP/P 0.5 %



Improvement for NA48/3
(expected 20 MHz/strip)

- New micro-mesh 25 mm
- New gas
- FADC → Old NA48 Tagger readout (1 GHz FADC)
- Smaller strip size
- Si micro-pixels (sub-ns time resol.)



Test foreseen during 2004 run

Detector Layout

- Subdetectors downstream the beginning of the fiducial region:
 - Double spectrometer
 - 6 drift chambers (4 chambers already employed in NA48)
 - 2 magnet (1 magnet already employed in NA48)
 - Momentum redundant measurements
 - Photon veto:
 - LKr calorimeter (already in NA48) + charged particle sweeping magnet
 - 2 small angle vetoes (CMS prototypes)
 - 8 rings as large angle vetoes (upgrade of AKL detectors in NA48)
 - Hadron calorimeter
 - Muon veto

Detector Layout

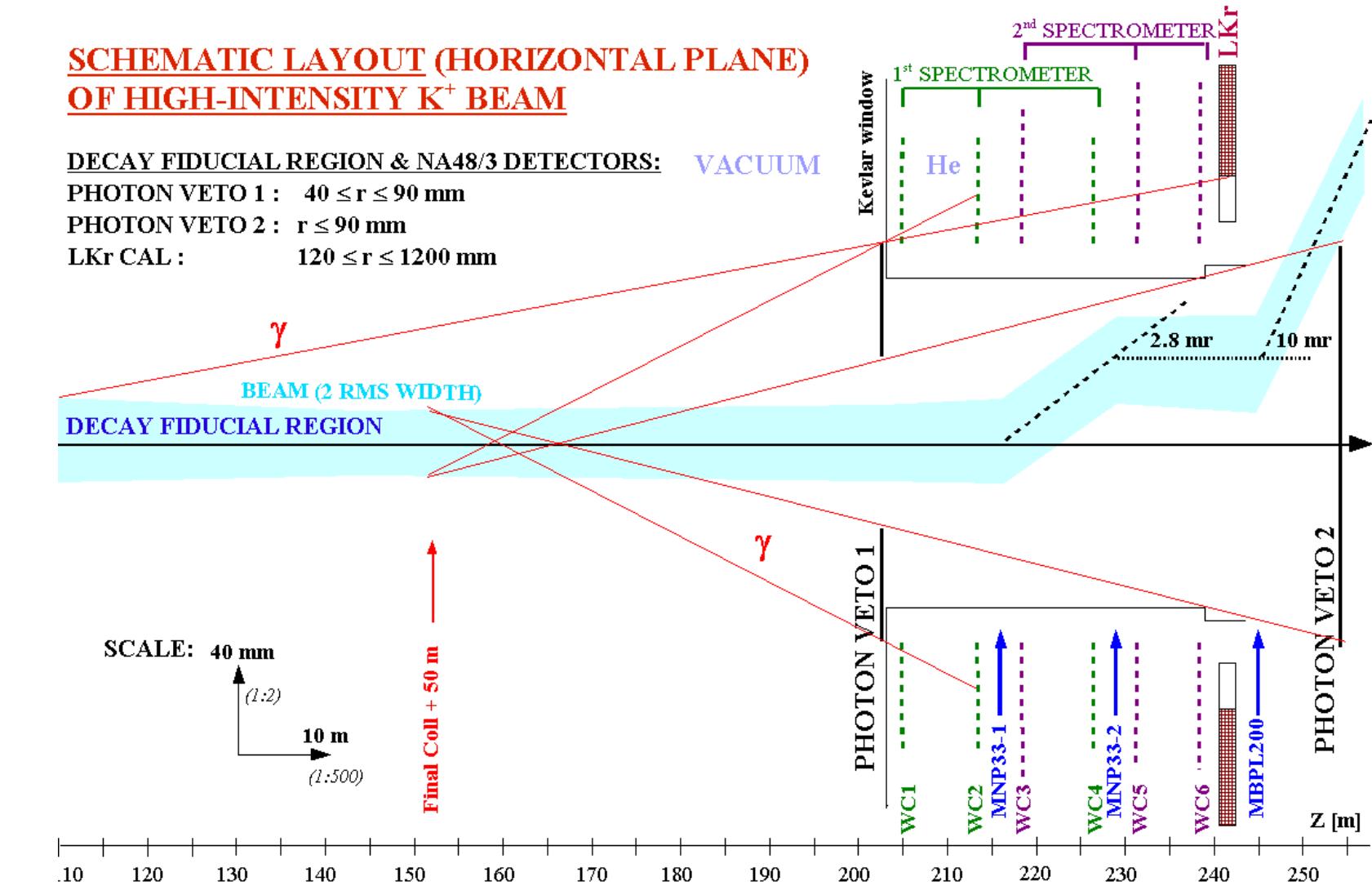
SCHEMATIC LAYOUT (HORIZONTAL PLANE) OF HIGH-INTENSITY K⁺ BEAM

DECAY FIDUCIAL REGION & NA48/3 DETECTORS: VACUUM

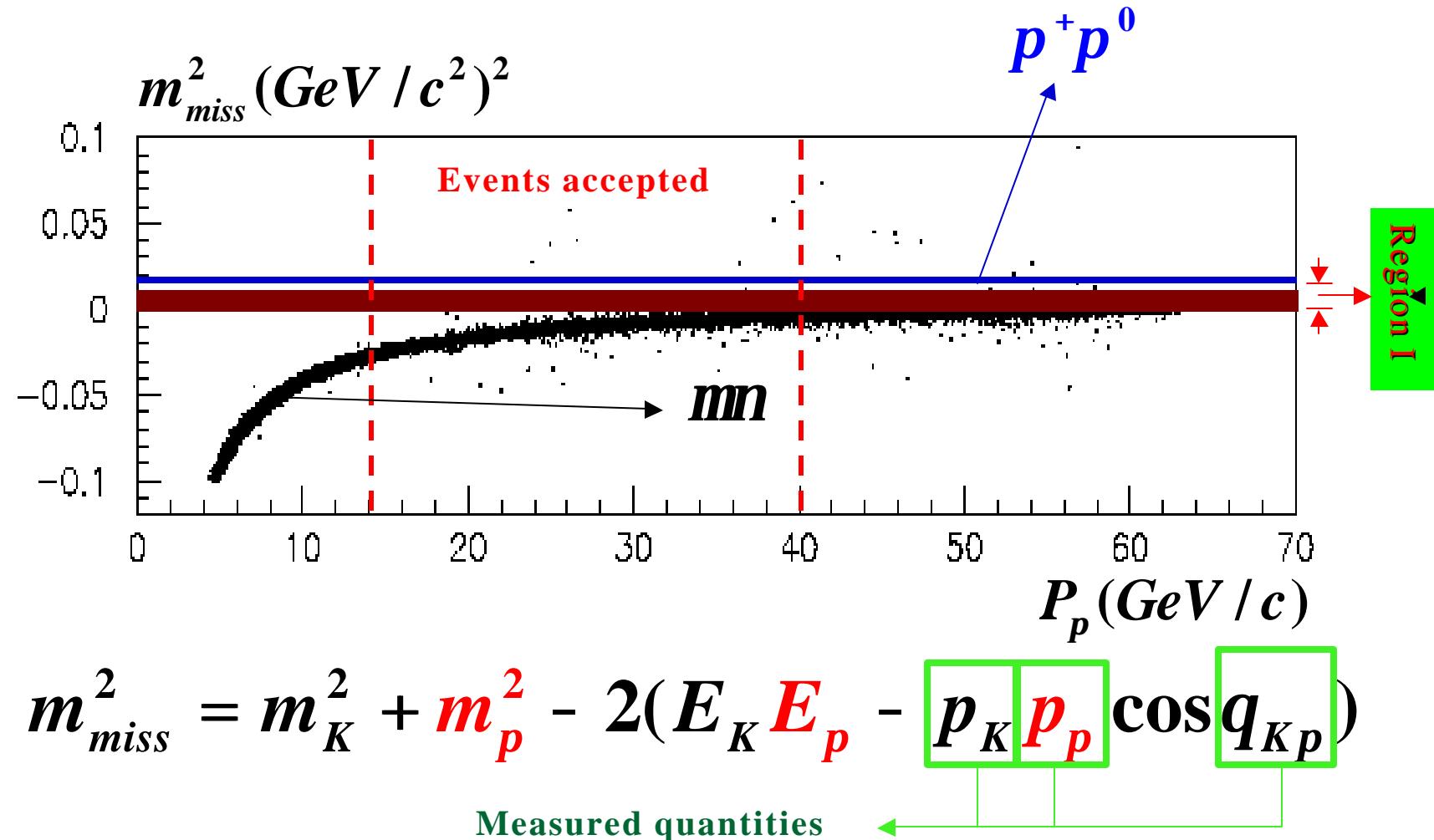
PHOTON VETO 1 : $40 \leq r \leq 90$ mm

PHOTON VETO 2 : $r \leq 90$ mm

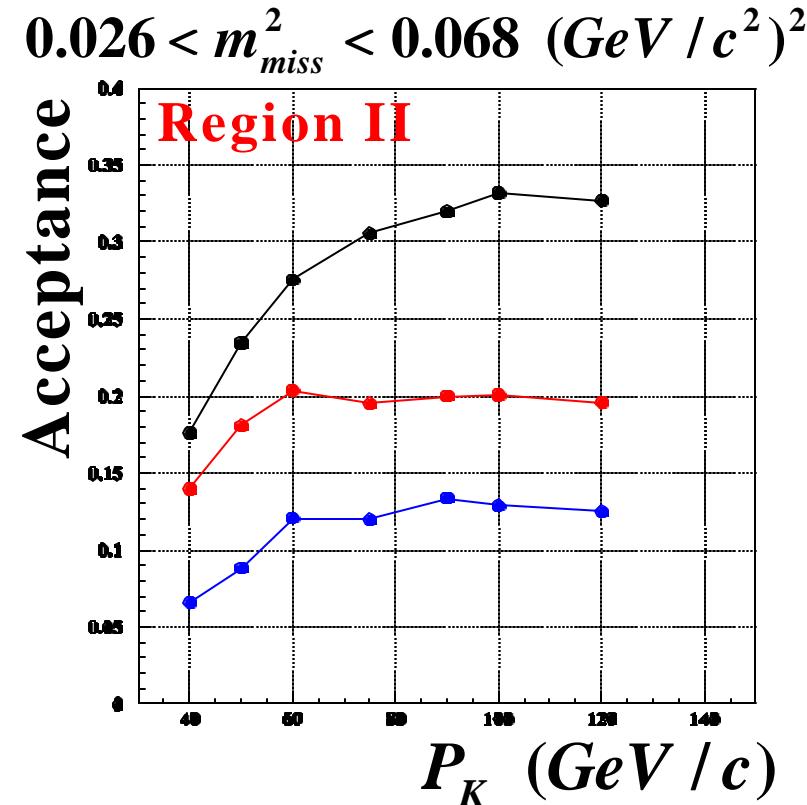
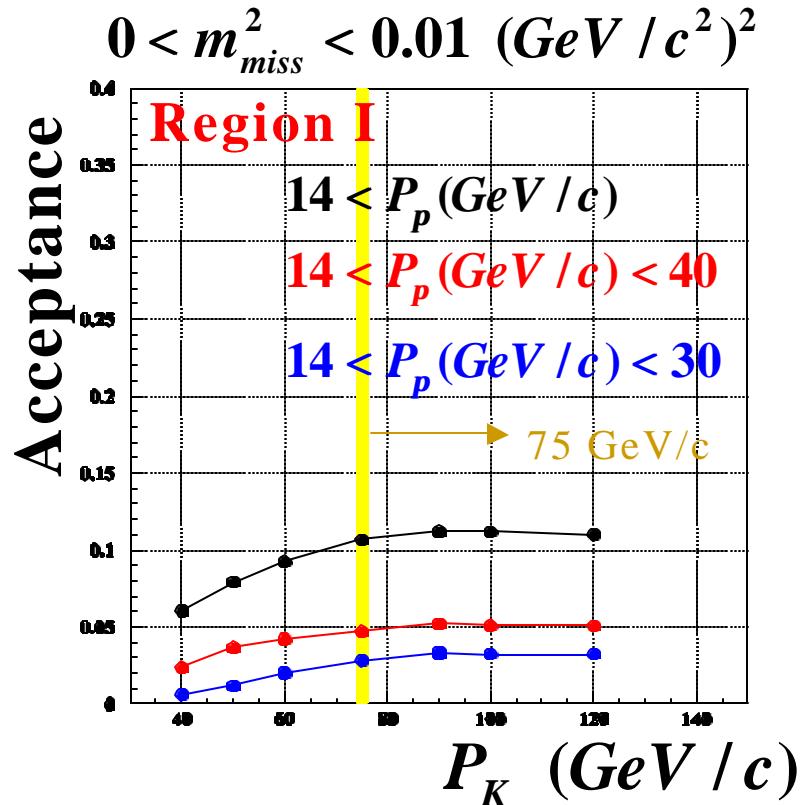
LKr CAL : $120 \leq r \leq 1200$ mm



Kinematical rejection



Acceptance

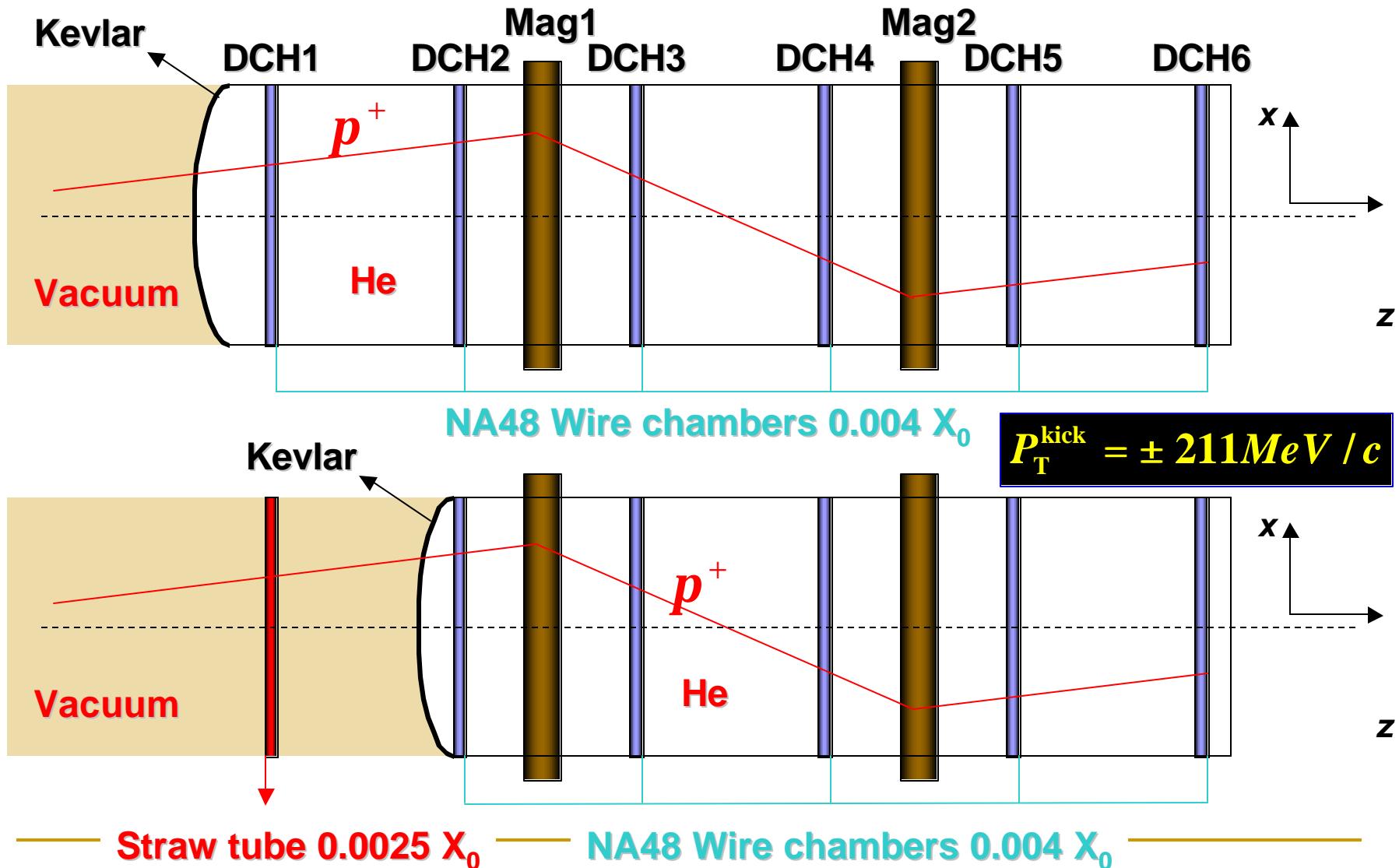


$P_K = 75 \text{ GeV/c}$ $P_p < 40 \text{ GeV/c}$
 Acceptance (Region I) = $\square 5\%$

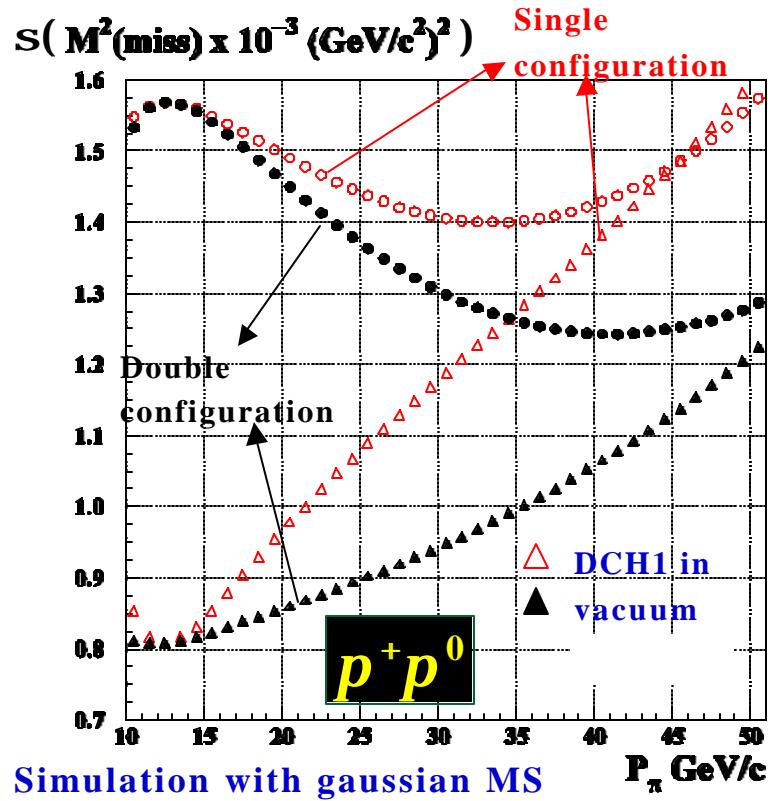


20 events per year
 @ $\text{BR} = 10^{-10}$ (Region I)

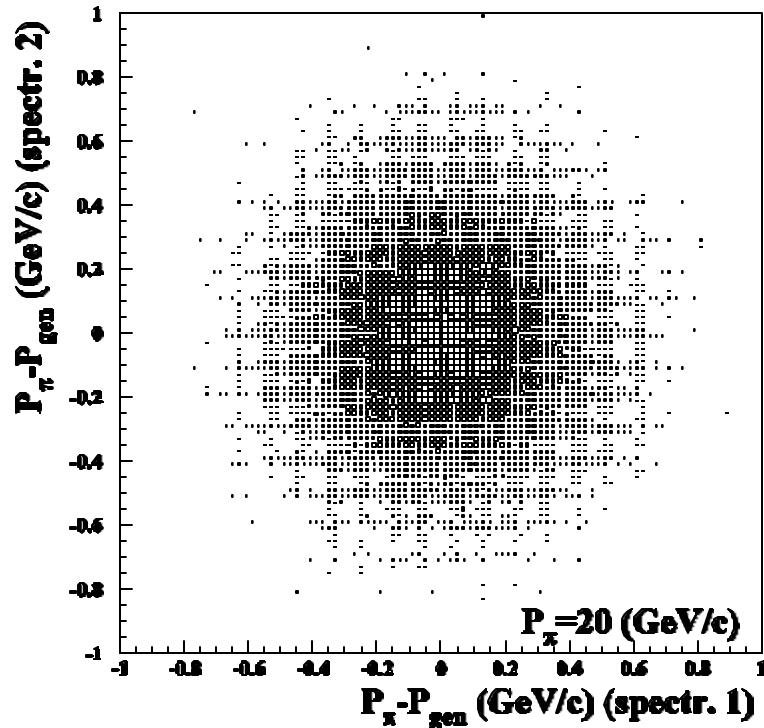
Double spectrometer layout



Double spectrometer performance



Two independent measurement of P_p

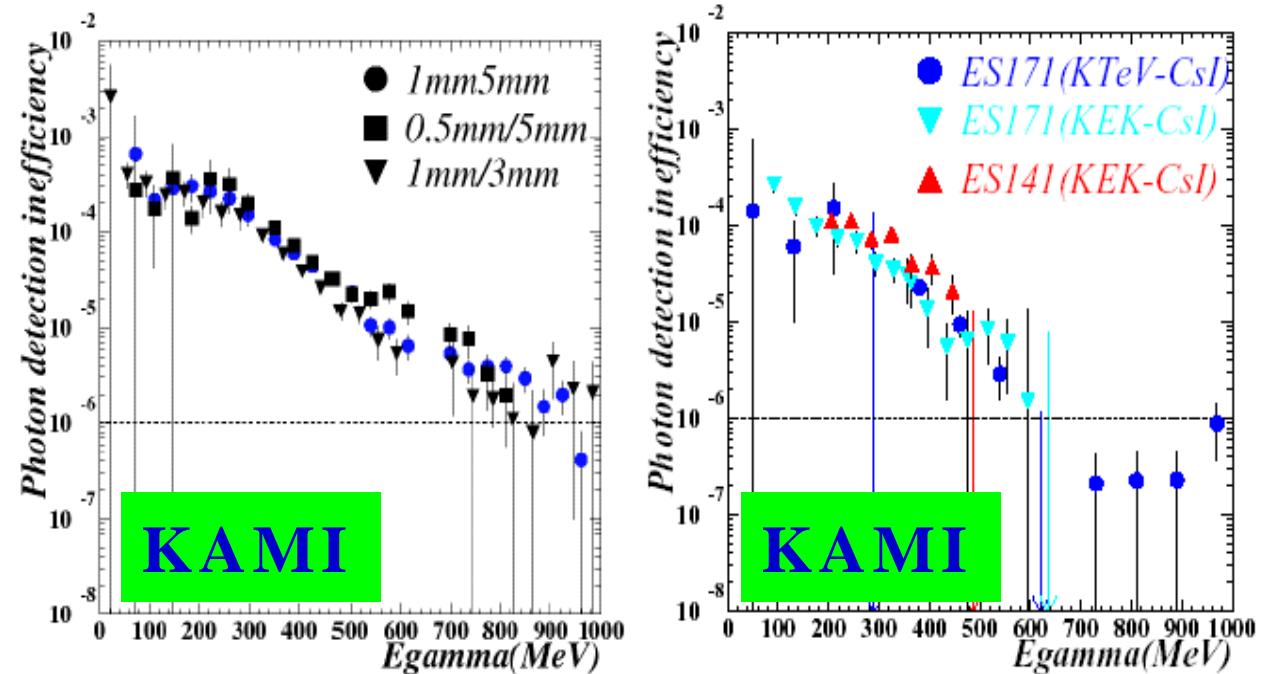


- Much higher intensity on DCH in NA48/3

Intensity and performance
vs HV tests
foreseen in 2004 run

Photon rejection

- Aim to reach 10^{-6} inefficiency
- For $P_p < 40 \text{ GeV}/c$ there are at least 35 GeV/c in the e.m. calorimeters



- ◆ Plans to study our inefficiency (LKr calorimeter + small angle veto) by collecting a large sample of p^+p^0 events in 2004 run

Small angle photon veto

PbWO₄ crystals (CMS)

- ✓ Dimension of crystals
2x2x23 cm³
- ✓ 7 x 7 cm matrix
- ✓ ~ 25 X₀
- ✓ Readout with light guides and PMT
- ✓ Hard to radiation damage

Low intensity hermetic photon veto test foreseen in 2004 run



Muon rejection

- ▶ Better than 10^{-5} rejection inefficiency mandatory
 - ✓ 10^{-5} obtained by NOMAD
- ▶ Present detector not enough efficient
(5×10^{-3} inefficient)
 - ✓ 3 scintillator arrays separated by iron planes 80 cm thick.
- ▶ We are planning to build a new detector
(Hadron calorimeter + muon detector)

Tests in 2004 run

- ▶ **Muon sweeping**
- ▶ **CEDAR** (with COMPASS collaboration)
- ▶ **KABES (micromega):**
 - ✓ FADC readout
 - ✓ 25 mm mesh
- ▶ **Si pixel chip**
- ▶ **High Intensity DCH test**
- ▶ **Low intensity hermetic g-veto test**

Conclusions

- We are working on the upgrade of the NA48 detector to study the $K^+ \circledR p^+ n\bar{n}$ decay.
- We have established a Working Group.
- Fundamental tests foreseen in 2004 run.
- We plan to contribute to the Villars SPSC meeting (22-28 september).