

Status of experiment NA48:

**A precision measurement of  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$  in CP violating  $K^0 \rightarrow 2\pi$  decays**

Cagliari-Cambridge-CERN-Dubna-Edinburgh-Ferrara-Florence-Mainz-  
Orsay-Perugia-Pisa-Saclay-Siegen-Torino-Warsaw-Vienna Collaboration

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## A precision measurement of direct CP violation in the decay of neutral kaons into two pions

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1997  $\approx 0.5$  million  $K_L \rightarrow 2\pi^0$

Result published 1999

1998  $\approx 1$  million  $K_L \rightarrow 2\pi^0$

1999  $\approx 2$  million  $K_L \rightarrow 2\pi^0$

Beam pipe implosion, drift chambers damaged

2000  $K_L \rightarrow 2\pi^0, 3\pi^0$  “dilution” measurement and tests

1998-2000 results published 2001

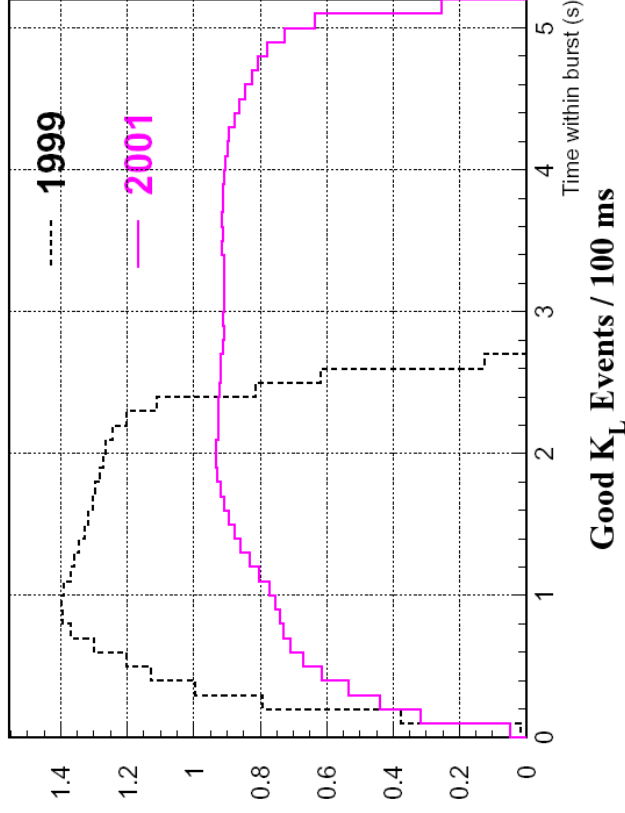
Drift chamber repair

2001  $\approx 1.5$  million  $K_L \rightarrow 2\pi^0$  at reduced beam intensity

Final result published 2002

## Changed conditions in 2001

	98-99	2001
proton momentum	450 GeV/c	400 GeV/c
SPS cycle time	14.4 s	16.8 s
spill length (effective)	2.4 s (1.7 s)	5.2 s (3.6 s)
duty cycle	0.17	0.31
$K_L$ beam intensity	$\approx 1.5 \times 10^{12}$ ppp	$\approx 2.4 \times 10^{12}$ ppp
$K_S$ beam intensity	$\approx 3 \times 10^7$ ppp	$\approx 5 \times 10^7$ ppp



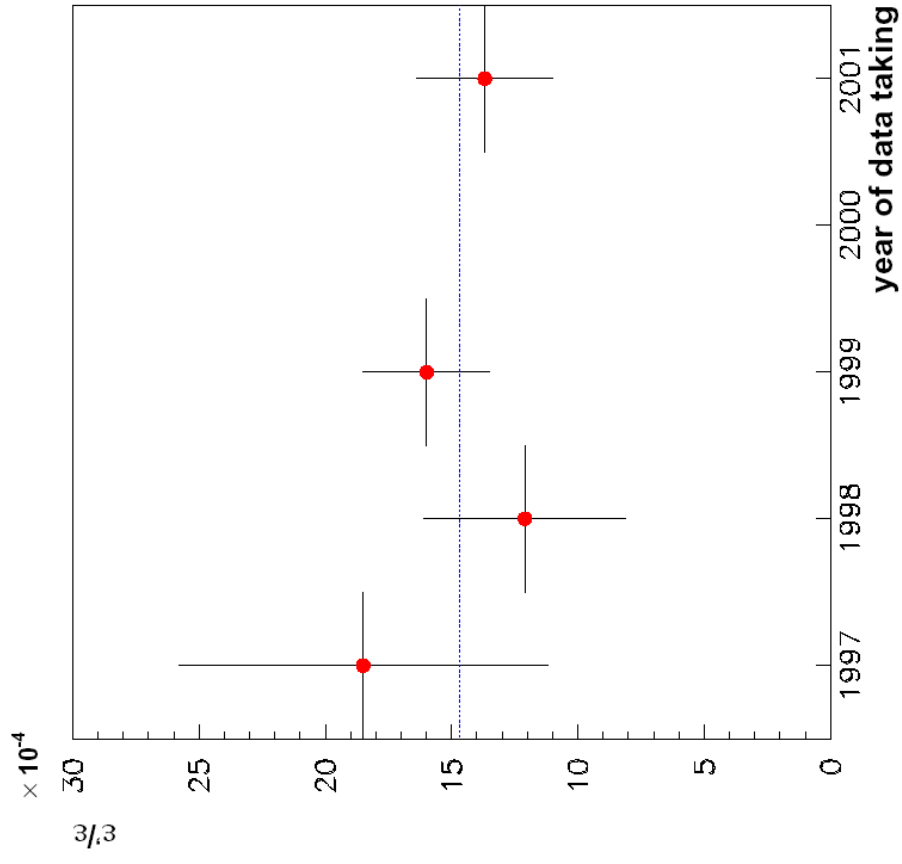
## Corrections and systematic uncertainties on R

(Units = 10 <sup>-4</sup> ); errors are pure stat or pure syst	2001	98-99
$\pi^+\pi^-$ background	14.2 ± 3.0	16.9 ± 3.0
$\pi^0\pi^0$ background	-5.6 ± 2.0	-5.9 ± 2.0
beam scattering	-8.8 ± 2.0	-9.6 ± 2.0
Tagging inefficiency	± 3.0	± 3.0
Accidental tagging	6.9 ± 2.8	8.3 ± 3.4
$\pi^+\pi^-$ scale	± 2.8	2.0 ± 2.8
$\pi^0\pi^0$ scale	± 5.3	± 5.8
AKS inefficiency	1.2 ± 0.3	1.1 ± 0.4
Acceptance	21.9 ± 3.5	26.7 ± 4.1
$\pi^+\pi^-$ trigger	± 4.0	± 4.0
Accidental activity	5.2 ± 3.6	-3.6 ± 5.2
intensity diff.	± 1.1	± 3.0
illumination diff.	± 3.0	± 3.0
$K_S$ in time activity	± 1.0	± 1.0
Total	+35.0 ± 6.5 ± 9.0	+35.9 ± 8.1 ± 9.6

$$R = 1 - (1.169 \pm 0.147)\% + (0.350 \pm 0.111)\%$$

First term after 1: effect of the ratio of the 4 numbers;  
 Second term after 1: corrections.

## Re $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ vs run period



## The 1997, 98/99 and 2001 results all combined

$$1997 \text{ Re } \varepsilon'/\varepsilon = ( 18.5 \pm 4.5 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 5.8 \text{ (syst.)} ) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$98/99 \text{ Re } \varepsilon'/\varepsilon = ( 15.0 \pm 1.7 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 2.1 \text{ (syst.)} ) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$2001 \text{ Re } \varepsilon'/\varepsilon = ( 13.7 \pm 2.7 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 1.5 \text{ (syst.)} ) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{Average } \text{Re } \varepsilon'/\varepsilon = ( 14.7 \pm 2.2 ) \times 10^{-4}$$

There is a small correlation between the systematic uncertainties  
which is taken into account in the weighted average.

## New proposal:

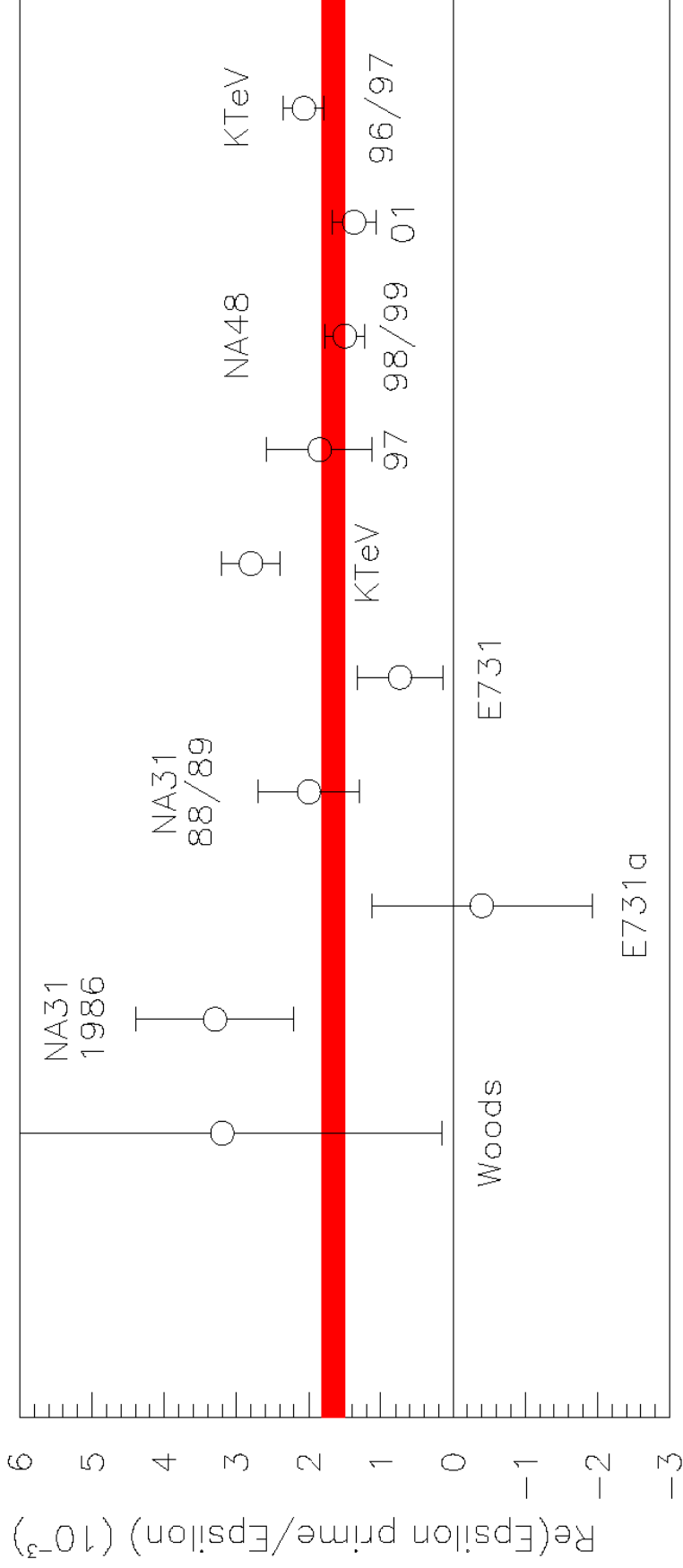
1. At least 10x the statistics of present experiments
2. Reduction of systematic uncertainties by a factor 3

## Principal elements:

1. Concurrent detection of all 4 decay modes in the same detector
2. Tagging of  $K_S$  and  $K_L$ : coll. beams
3. Fast LKr calorimeter 2.4 m  $\phi$  for photon detection
4. Magnet spectrometer for  $\pi^+\pi^-$  to reduce background to  $10^{-3}$  level
5. New method of analysis to reduce systematic error  <sup>$K_S: K_S$  weighting</sup>



## Summary of $\text{Re } \epsilon'/\epsilon$ measurements



The red band corresponds to the average of the experimental values.

The earlier NA31-1986 and E731a values are included in the final NA31 an

4 E731 values, respectively. The 1997 KTeV result has been revised and is included in the 96/97 result.

## World average 2002

after 5 (3) years of data taking by NA48 and KTeV:

$$\text{Re } \epsilon'/\epsilon = (17 \pm 2) \times 10^{-4}$$

This implies direct CP violation in  $K^0 \rightarrow 2\pi$  decays:

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) - \Gamma(\bar{K}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)}{\Gamma(K^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) + \Gamma(\bar{K}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)} = 2 \text{Re } \epsilon' = +(5.5 \pm 1) \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0) - \Gamma(\bar{K}^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0)}{\Gamma(K^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0) + \Gamma(\bar{K}^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0)} = -4 \text{Re } \epsilon' = -(11 \pm 1) \times 10^{-6}$$

## Rare $K_L$ decay results published recently and work in progress

- $K_S$  life time,  $K^0$  and  $\eta$  masses
- $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$  branching ratio
- $K_L \rightarrow 3\pi^0$  Dalitz plot (form factor)
- $K_S, K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$  decay asymmetries
- $K_L \rightarrow 2\gamma$  braching ratio
- $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$  branching ratio
- $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$
- $K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu$  form factor
- $K_L \rightarrow \pi \mu \nu$  form factors
- $K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu, \pi \mu \nu$  charge asymmetries
- $K_L \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0 e^\mp \nu$  Dalitz plot
- $K_L \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$  rate and form factor
- $K_L \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma \gamma$  rate
- $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \gamma$  rate