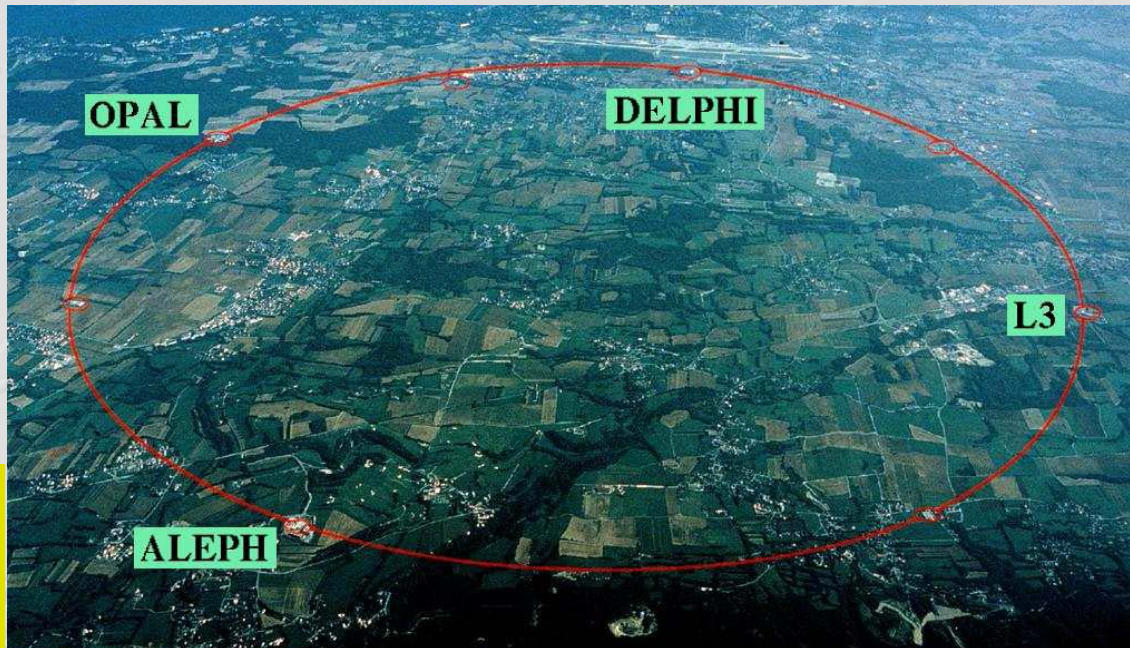


# Searches for New Physics at LEP

Markus Schumacher, Bonn University  
on behalf of the four LEP collaborations

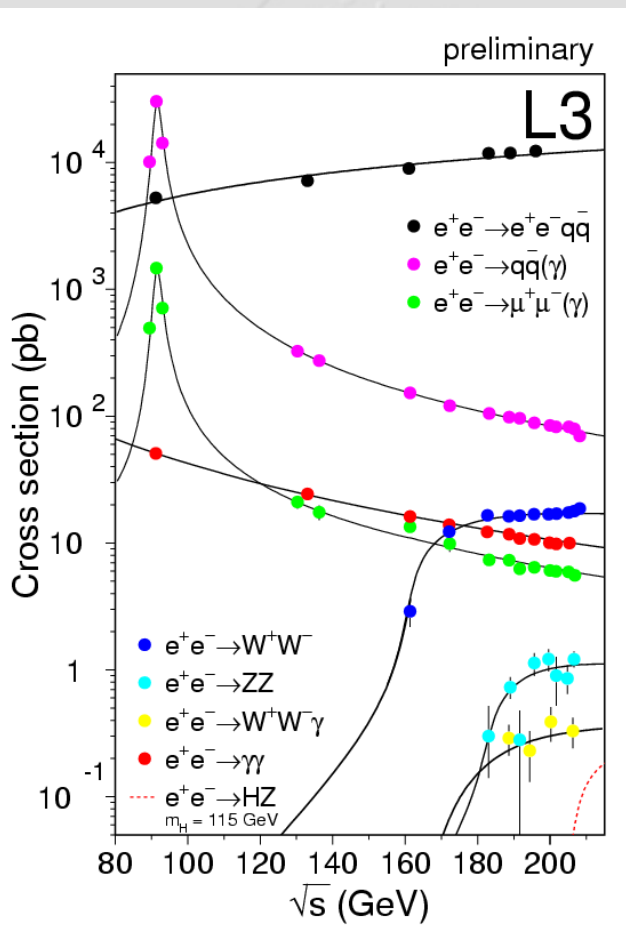
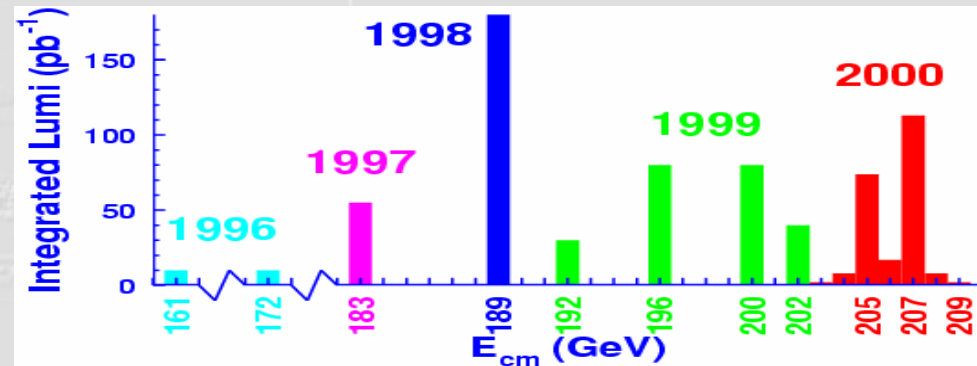


# Introduction

- Standard Model at colliders still in pretty good shape (despite neutrino masses, dark matter, dark energy, ...)
  - several open questions, among them:
    - what creates mass and is responsible for EWSB ?
    - what creates the hierarchy between  $M_{\text{PL}}$  and  $M_{\text{EW}}$  ?
  - LEP: searches for various topologies of new physics,
    - this talk:
      - ❖ neutral Higgs bosons (SM, MSSM)
      - ❖ supersymmetric particles (cMSSM)
      - ❖ effects from extra spatial dimensions
    - preference for „newer“ + LEP combined results
- NO** discovery of new physics at LEP
- cross section and mass limits @95%CL
  - restrictions in model parameter spaces

# Data Sets, Luminosities and Cross Sections

- LEP combined sample:  
 $\sim 2.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  ( $E_{\text{CM}} > 183 \text{ GeV}$ )
- at highest energies:  
 $E_{\text{CM}} > 207.5 \text{ GeV}$  (ADLO =  $35.2 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )



## Cross section sensitivity:

e.g. 0 background, need  $N_{\text{sig}} = 3$  95%CL exclusion

$$L = 2.6 \text{ fb}^{-1} \rightarrow \sigma_{\text{lim}} \sim 1.2 \text{ fb}$$

$$L = 35.2 \text{ pb}^{-1} \rightarrow \sigma_{\text{lim}} \sim 0.2 \text{ pb}$$

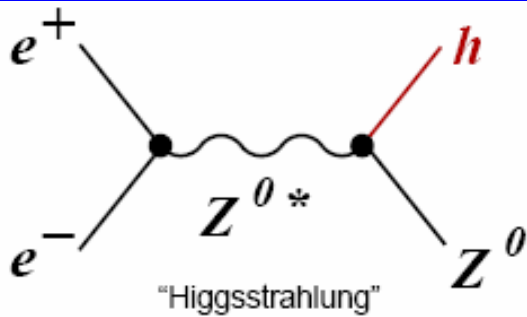
Production of

Charginos :  $\sigma \sim (1-10)\beta \text{ pb}$

Sleptons:  $\sigma \sim (0.2-2)\beta^3 \text{ pb}$

SM Higgs ( $M=114\text{GeV}$ ):  $\sigma \sim 0.1 \text{ pb}$

# Search for the SM Higgs Boson

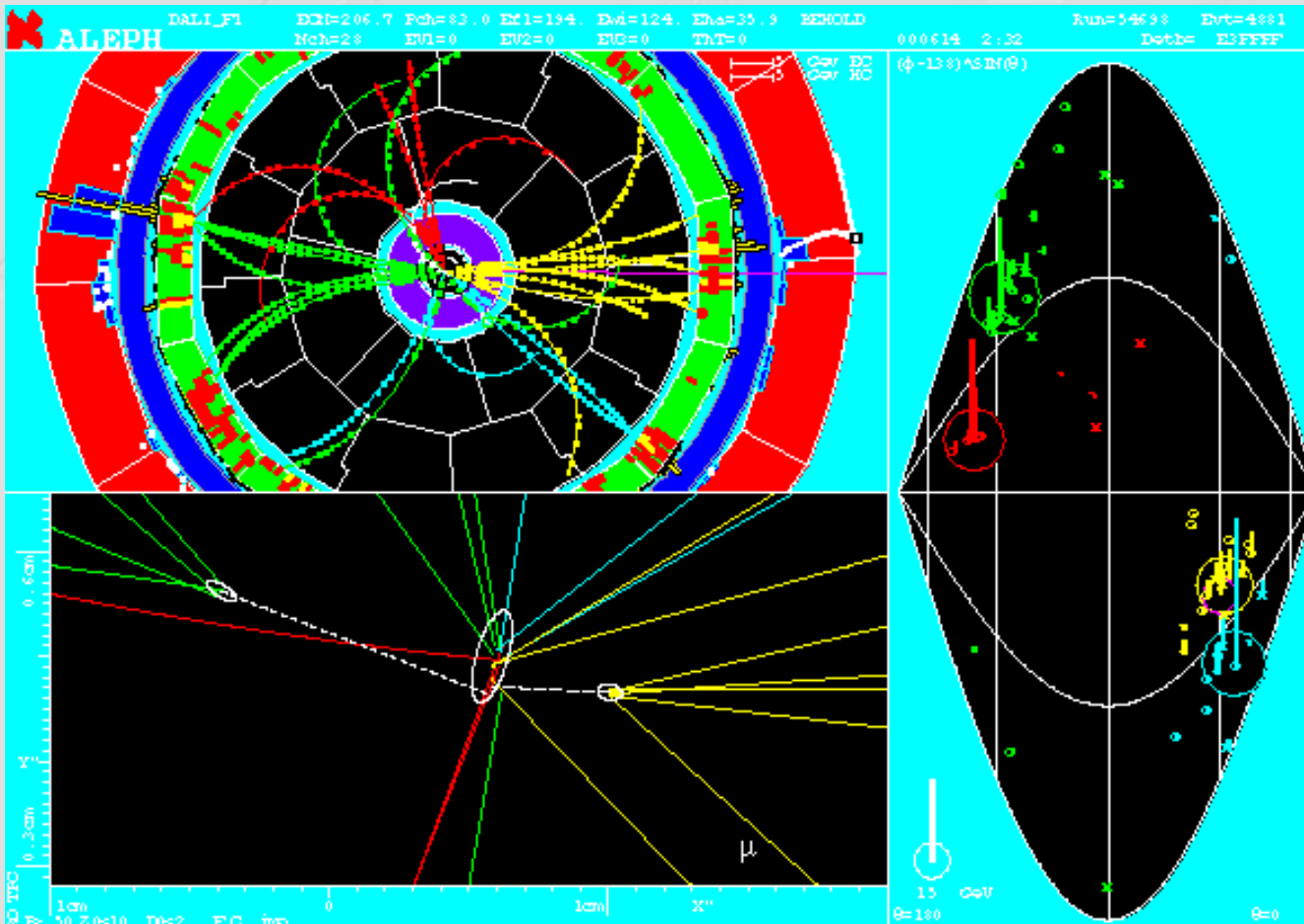


➤ Mass determines Higgs boson profile:

@ 114 GeV :  $\sigma \sim 0.1 \text{ pb}$

$\text{BR}(H \rightarrow b\bar{b}) \sim 74\%$      $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \tau\tau) \sim 7\%$

➤ SM searches exploited b-tagging extensively



ALEPH 4-Jet  
candidate

$M_{bb} = 114.3 \text{ GeV}$

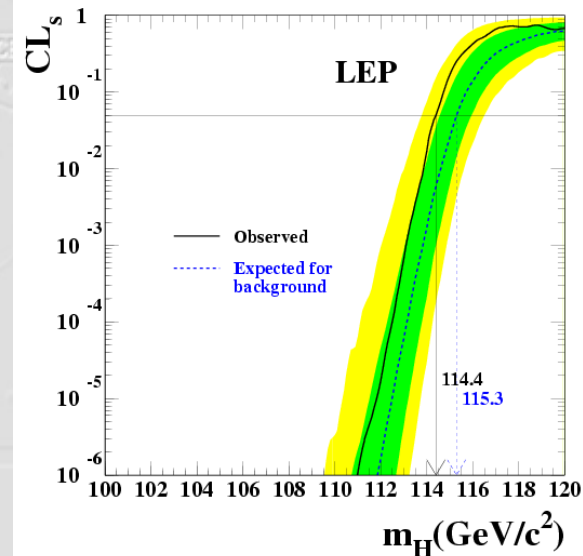
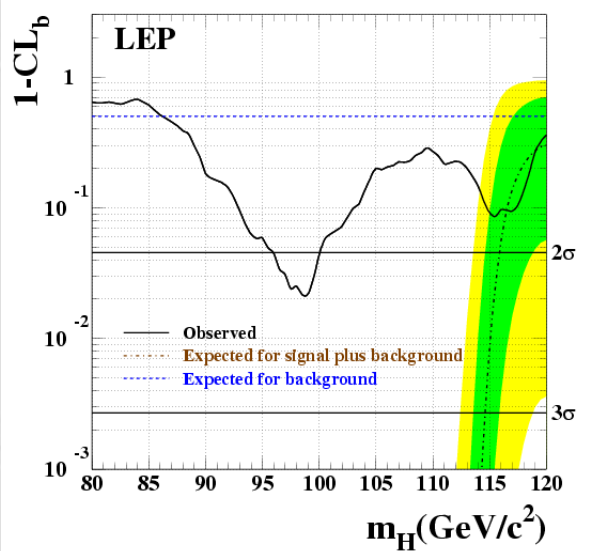
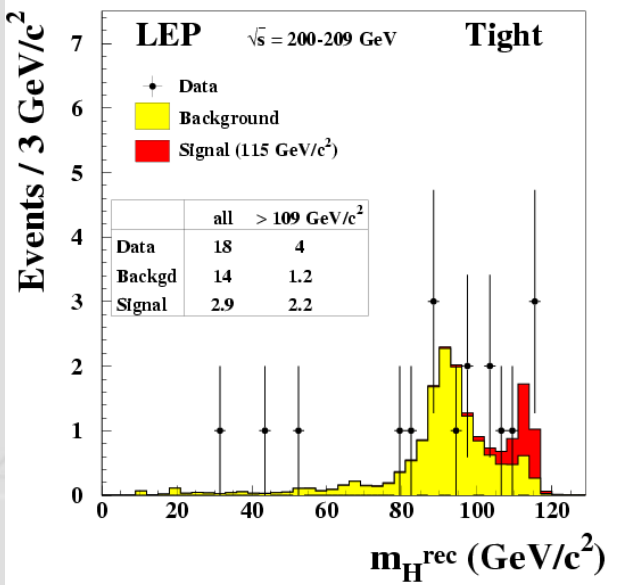
two b-tags

# SM Higgs: the final word from LEP

Mass spectrum after tight selection cuts

Consistency with BG only hypothesis:

Mass limit via  $CL_S = CL_{S+B}/CL_B$



Consistency with:

- ❖ background only:  $1-CL_B = 0.09$  @ 115 GeV (1.7 $\sigma$  excess)
- ❖ signal + background:  $CL_{S+B} = 0.15$  @ 115 GeV

**Observed Limit: 114.4 GeV**

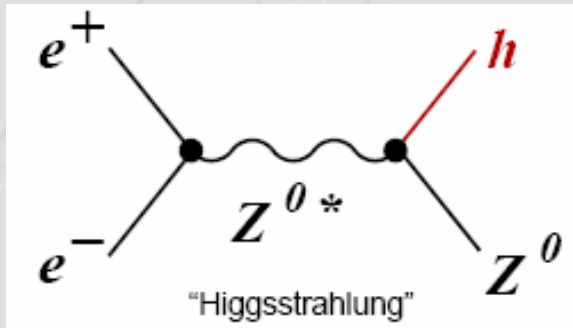
**Expected Limit: 115.3 GeV**

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# Neutral Higgs bosons in the CP Conserving MSSM

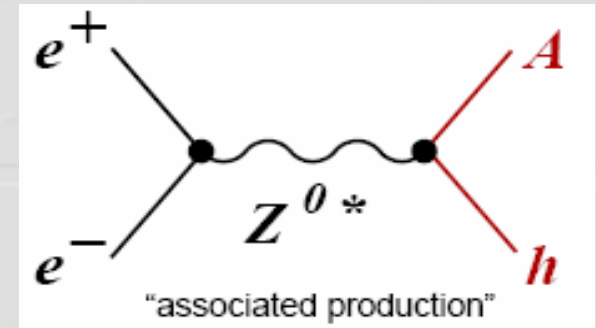
- two Higgs doublets  $\rightarrow$  5 physical bosons:  $h, H, A, H^+, H^-$
- at Born level 2 parameters:  $\tan\beta, m_A$   $m_h < M_Z$
- large loop corrections  $\rightarrow m_h < 137$  GeV for  $m_t=178$ GeV depending on 5 cMSSM SUSY parameters:  $A_t, M_0, M_2, M_{\text{gluino}}, \mu$
- $m_h$  very sensitive to  $m_t$  and mixing parameter  $X_t=A-\mu\cot\beta$



2 production processes:

$$Zh: \sim \sin^2(\alpha-\beta)$$

$$Ah: \sim \cos^2(\alpha-\beta)$$

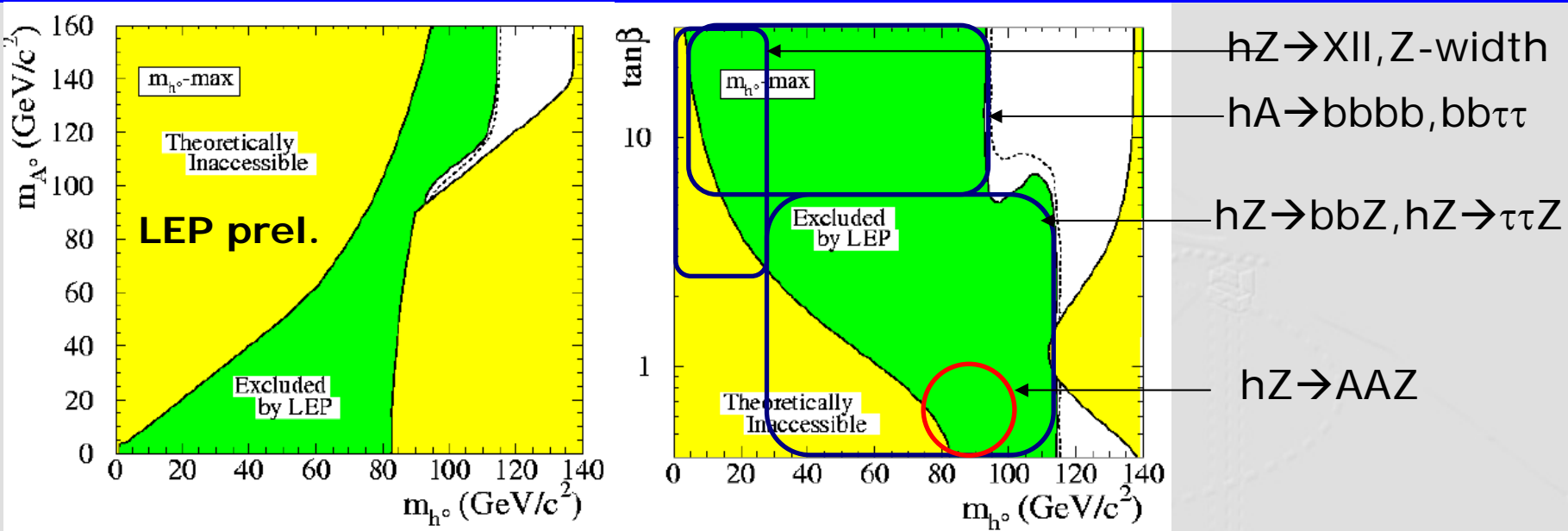


- $m_h$ -max scenario: maximal value for  $m_h$  as function of  $\tan\beta$

$\rightarrow$  conservative exclusion in  $\tan\beta$

also new prel. LEP results for nonmixing and large  $\mu$  scenario

- for final LEP paper: more benchmarks: gluophobic, small  $\alpha$ , diff. CPV, .... various value for  $m_t$  and  $M_{\text{SUSY}}$



➤ **Mass limits:** robust against change of  $m_t$

$M_h > 92.9$  obs. (94.8 exp.) GeV

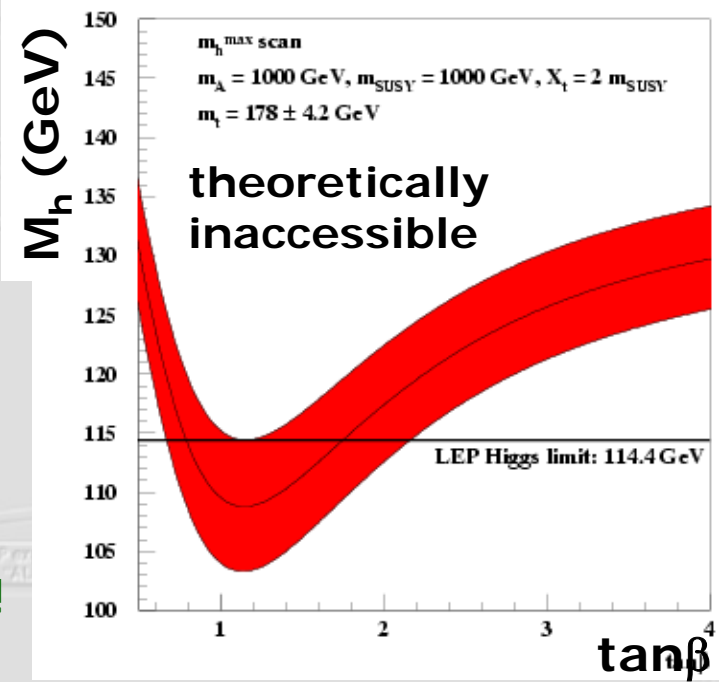
$M_A > 93.4$  obs. (95.1 exp.) GeV

➤  **$\tan\beta$  exclusion:**

[0.9;1.5] obs. ([0.8;1.6] exp.)

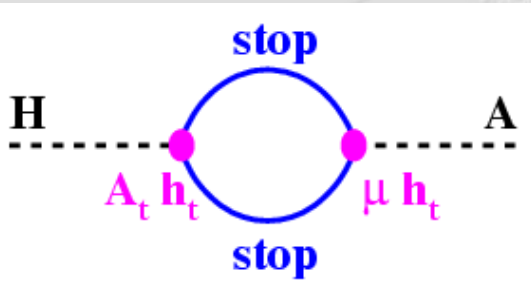
for  $m_t = 179.3$ ,  $M_0 = 1$  TeV

**No  $\tan\beta$  exclusion for  $m_t$  larger  $\sim 183$  GeV !**

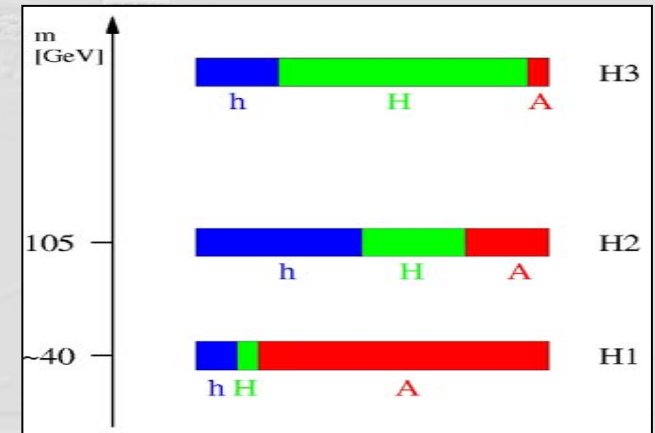


# The CP Violating Complex MSSM

beyond Born level CP violation in loops, if  $A_t$ ,  $A_b$  and  $M_{\text{gluino}}$  complex  
 new sources CP violation  $\rightarrow$  interesting for baryogenesis



CP eigenstates  $h, A, H$   
 mix to mass  
 eigenstates  $H_1, H_2, H_3$



## Phenomenology:

- ❖  $H_1, H_2, H_3$  may be produced in Higgsstrahlung,  $H_1$  may decouple
- ❖ all comb. may be produced in pairs,  $H_i \rightarrow H_m H_n$  ( $m, n < i$ ) decays

**Maximal CP effect in Higgs sector  $\rightarrow$  CPX benchmark scenario**

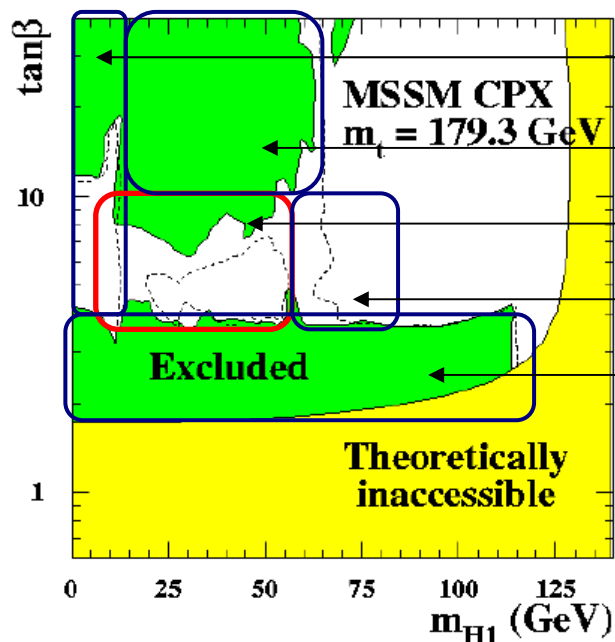
$\arg(A_t) = \arg(M_{\text{gluino}}) = 90 \text{ deg.}$ , large ratio  $\mu A_t / m_{\text{susy}}$

$M_{\text{SUSY}} = 500 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $A_t = A_b = M_{\text{gluino}} = 1 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $\mu = 2 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $M_2 = 200 \text{ GeV}$

$$M_{ij}^2 \propto \frac{m_{\text{top}}^4}{v^2} \frac{\text{Im}(\mu A_t)}{32\pi^2 m_{\text{SUSY}}^2}$$



# CPX-Benchmark Scenario (first prel. LEP combination)



$H_1 H_2 \rightarrow \tau \tau b b$ , Yukawa production  $b b H \rightarrow b b \tau \tau$

$H_1 H_2 \rightarrow \tau \tau b b$

$H_2 \rightarrow H_1 H_1 \rightarrow b b b b$  from  $H_2 Z, H_1 H_2$

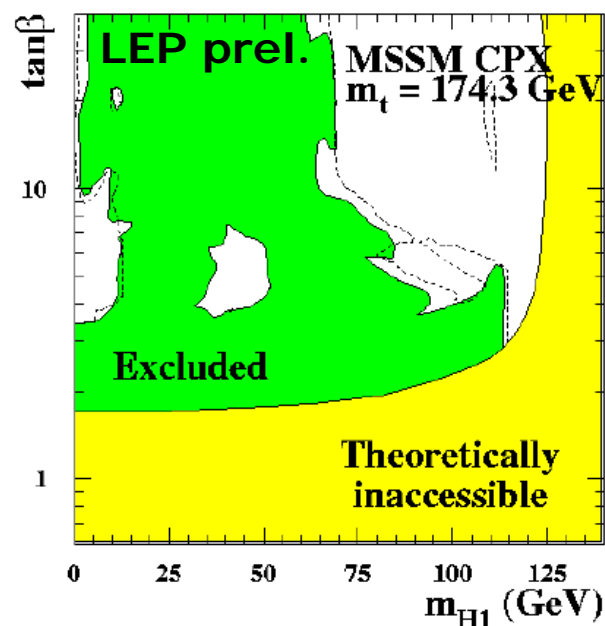
$H_2 Z \rightarrow b b Z$

$H_1 Z \rightarrow b b Z$

Area at small  $M_{H_1}$  not excluded due to:

- decoupling of  $H_1$  from  $Z$

- reduced sensitivity for  $H_2 \rightarrow H_1 H_1 \rightarrow b b b b$  for  $M_{H_2} \sim 100$  to  $110$  GeV



➤ no absolute mass limit for  $H_1$

➤ large impact of  $m_t$  on excluded area

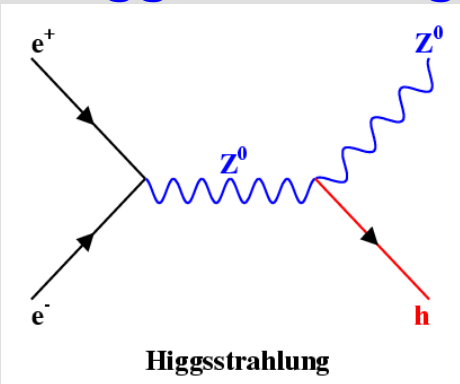
➤ tan beta exclusion:

$\tan \beta > 2.9, 2.6, 2.5$  obs. (3.0, 2.7, 2.5 exp.)

for  $m_t = 174.3, 179.3, 183.0$  GeV

# Further Searches for Higgs Bosons

## ➤ Higgsstrahlung with non SM decay modes (BR=1., SM cross.sec.)



Flavour ind.:  $H \rightarrow qq$   $M > 112.9$  GeV (LEP prel.)

Fermiophobic:  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$   $M > 117.2$  GeV (LEP prel.)

$H \rightarrow WW$   $M > 108.1$  GeV (L3)

Invisible:  $H \rightarrow \text{inv.}$   $M > 114.4$  GeV (LEP prel.)

Decay mode ind:  $H \rightarrow \text{any.}$   $M > 81$  GeV (OPAL)

## ➤ charged Higgs bosons: ( $\rightarrow \tau\nu, cs$ ) $M > 78.6$ GeV (LEP, prel.)

(+WA)  $M > 76.7/74.4$  GeV in Type I/II 2HDM (DELPHI)

## ➤ cross section x BR limits for various processes, e.g.

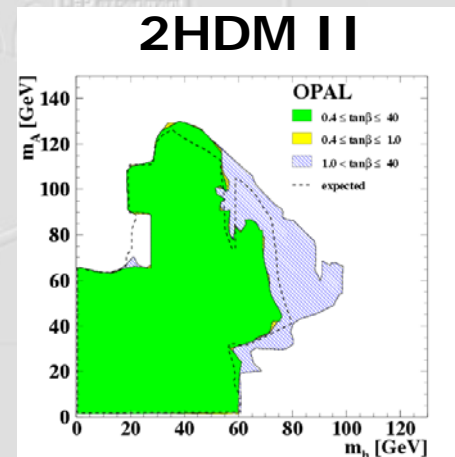
doubly charged Higgs bosons (single+pair prod.)

$hA \rightarrow qq\bar{q}\bar{q}$ ,  $hA \rightarrow 6b$ ,  $hA \rightarrow hhZ \rightarrow bbbbZ$

Yukawa production:  $bbh/A, h$  with  $A \rightarrow bb, \tau\tau$

## ➤ interpretation in various models

2HDM type I and II, fermiophobic, LR symm., ...



# Supersymmetry Scenarios

|                   |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| $l$               | $\tilde{l}$        |
| $q$               | $\tilde{q}$        |
| $\gamma, Z, h, H$ | $\chi_{1/2/3/4}^0$ |
| $W^\pm, H^\pm$    | $\chi_{1/2}^\pm$   |
| $g$               | $\tilde{g}$        |

- general MSSM: masses,  $\sigma$  and BR depend on 105 + 19 parameters
- „hopeless“ to perform dedicated searches

- identify + classify topologies
- cover all kind of signals from SUGRA, GMSB, AMSB, R-Parity violation, ... different LSP scenarios

**k lepton, l jets, m photons  
w/ or w/o E<sub>miss</sub>  
+ lifetime signatures**

|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^+\tilde{\chi}^-$     | $\tilde{\chi}^- \rightarrow \tilde{W}^*\tilde{\chi}^0$<br>(In)Direct RPV | jets (+ $\ell^\pm$ ) + $\cancel{E}$    |
| $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ | $(\tilde{\chi}^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tilde{G})$                           | jets (+ $\ell^\pm$ ) + $\cancel{E}$    |
| $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ | $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$                       | $\gamma + \cancel{E}$                  |
| $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ | $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tilde{\chi}_1^0$                    | $2, 4, 6 \times \ell^\pm + \cancel{E}$ |
| $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}^+\tilde{\ell}^-$     | $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tilde{\chi}_1^0$                    | Kinked Tracks                          |
|   |  | Stable, Charged                        |
|   |  | $\ell^+\ell^-\ell^+\ell^-$             |
|   |  | jets + $\cancel{E}$                    |
|   | $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$                              | 2 jets + $\cancel{E}$                  |
|   | $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\ell^+\tilde{\nu}$                             | 2 jets + $\ell^+\ell^- + \cancel{E}$   |
|   | (In)Direct RPV   | $\ell^+q\ell^-q$                       |

- ~ 100 topological searches performed → no excess → cross section limits
- mass limits, parameter exclusions in various SUSY models
- this talk: R-parity conservation → pair production of sparticles → stable LSP (here: lightest neutralino)

# How to search for the sparticles?

➤ strategy at LEP:

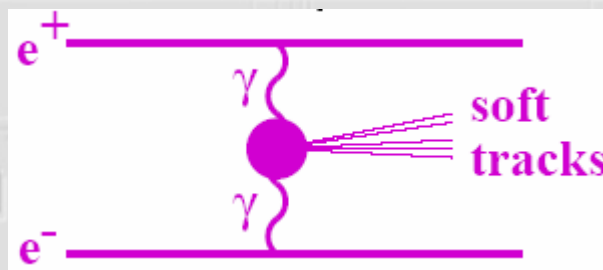
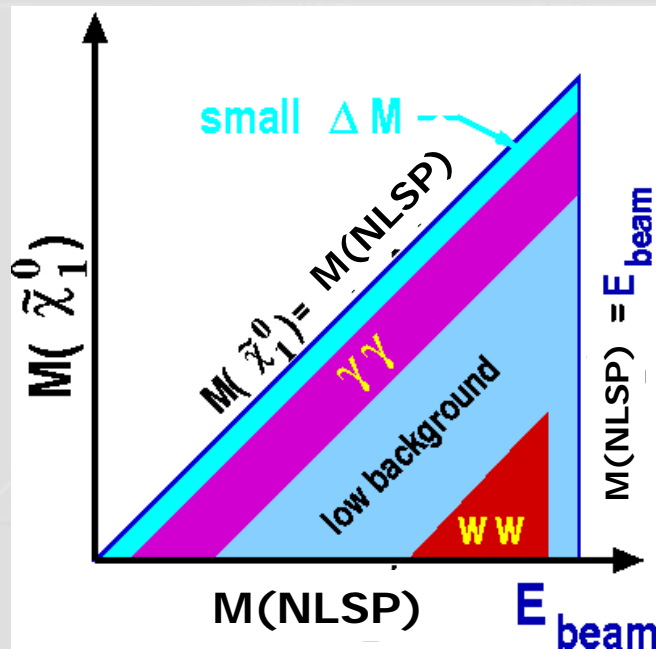
look for pair production of NLSPs (also NNLSPs) and their direct decays into LSP + SM particles

➤ sensitivity of search depends on  $\Delta M = M(\text{NLSP}) - M(\text{LSP})$ ,  $M(\text{NLSP})$

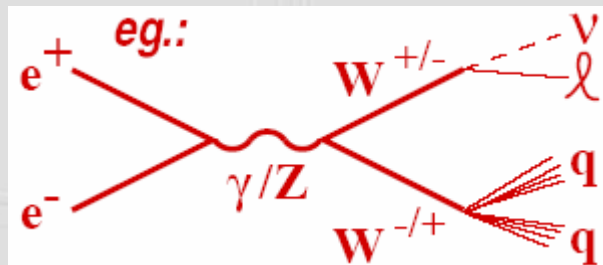
➤ exp. signature:

missing energy + n leptons + m jets (+ $\gamma$ ) @ large  $\Delta M$

stable particles, kink tracks, sec. vertices @ small  $\Delta M$



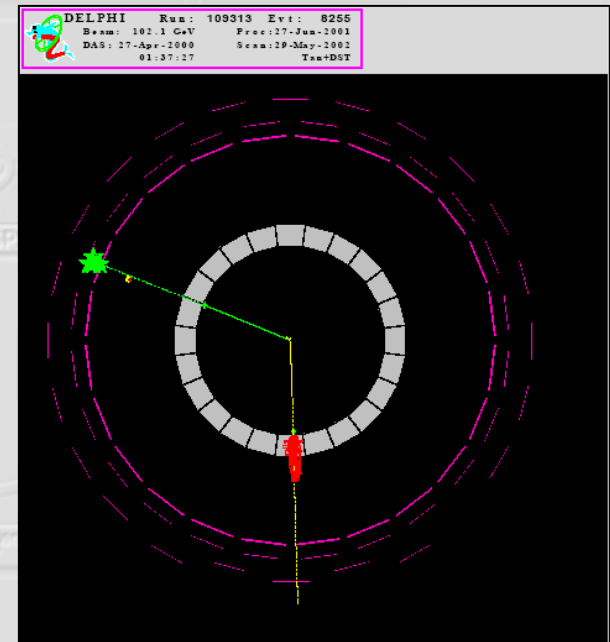
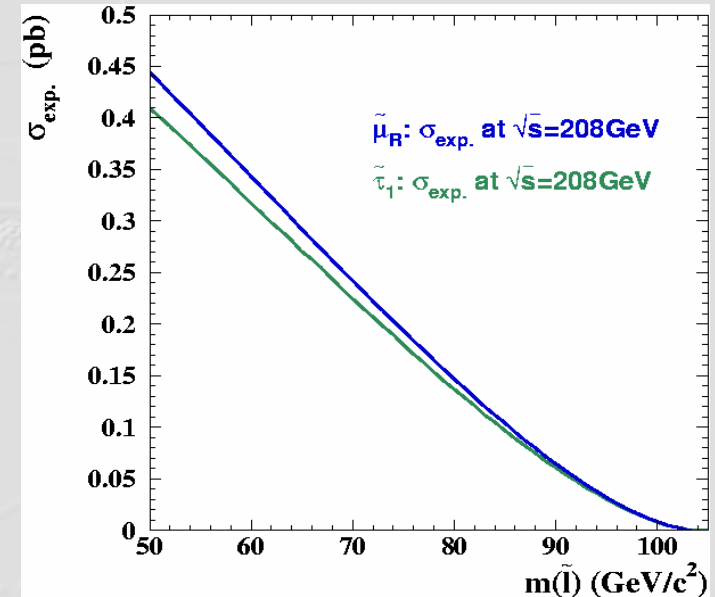
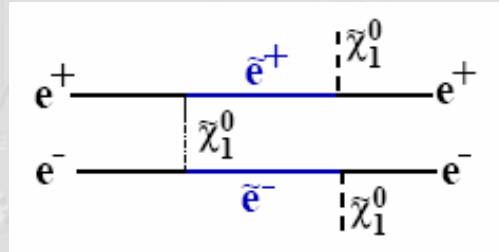
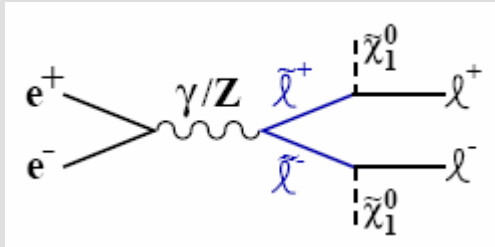
$\sigma \sim$  several nb



$\sigma \sim 20$  pb

# Charged Slepton Searches

## Production and dominant decay mode



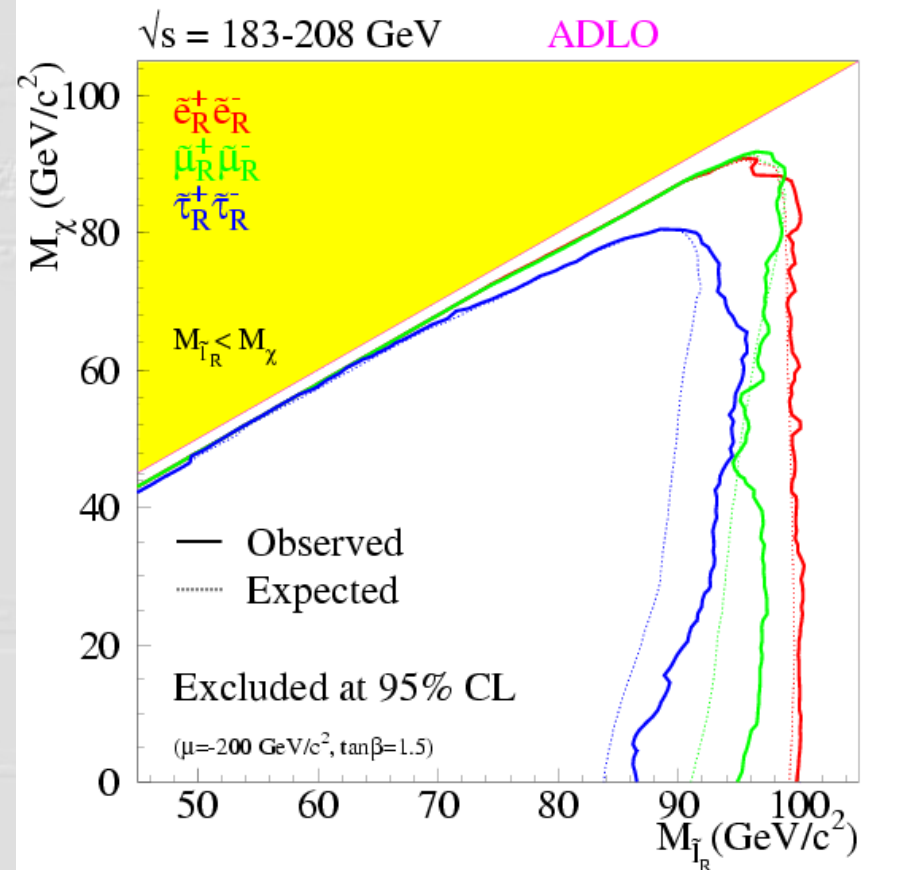
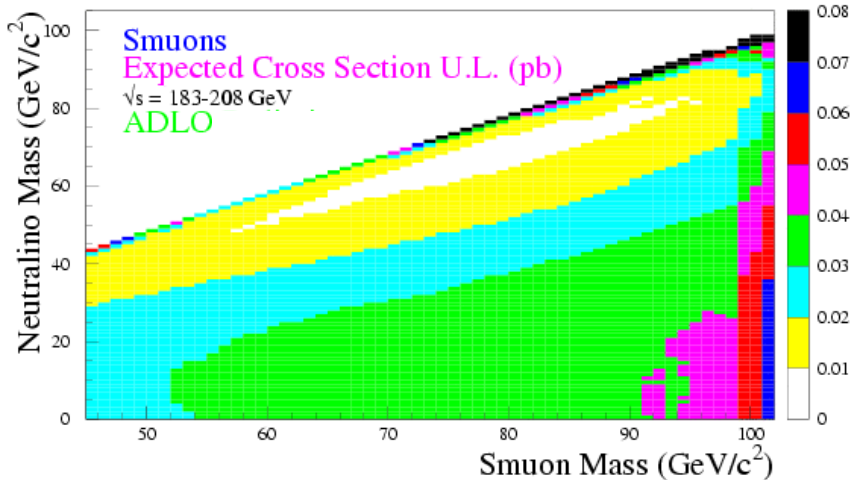
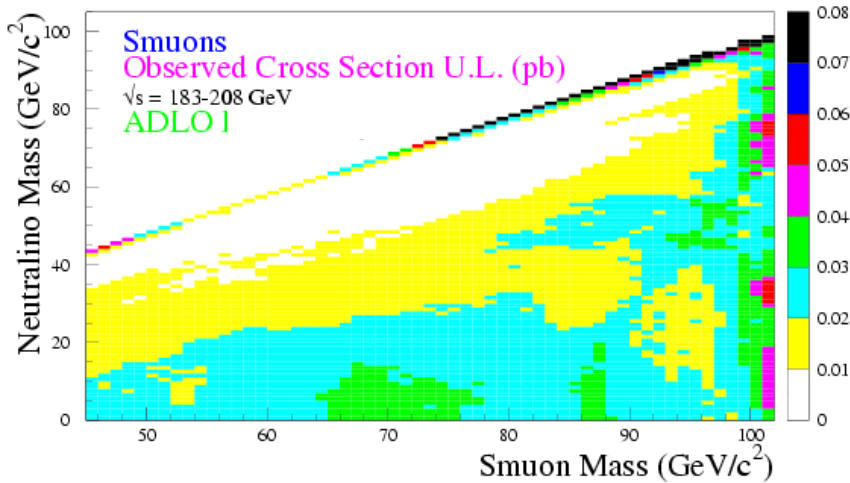
- righthanded sleptons lighter than lefthanded and have lower cross section
- Smuons: almost model-independent cross section
- Staus: mixing ( $\Rightarrow$  lighter stau can decouple from Z, reduced cross section)
- Selectrons: t-channel with neutralino exchange ( $\Rightarrow$  usually constructive interference)

Experimental signature:  
2 acoplanar leptons + missing energy

Dominant background  $WW \rightarrow ll\nu\nu$



# Cross Section and Mass Limits



## Mass limits for $M_{LSP} = 40 \text{ GeV}$

|           |             |          |
|-----------|-------------|----------|
| Selectron | RR coupling | 99.9 GeV |
| Smuon     | RR coupling | 96.6 GeV |
| Stau      | RR coupling | 93.2 GeV |
|           | Z decoupled | 92.6 GeV |

Cross section limits:

Selectrons:  $\sim 10 - 80$  fb

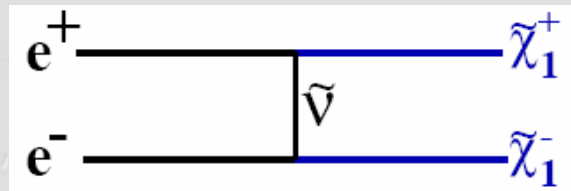
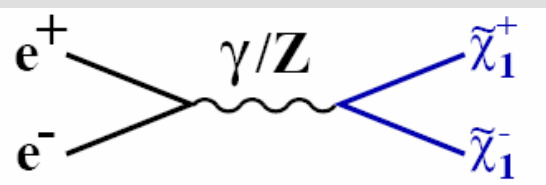
Smuons:  $\sim 10 - 50$  fb

Staus:  $\sim 40 - 150$  fb

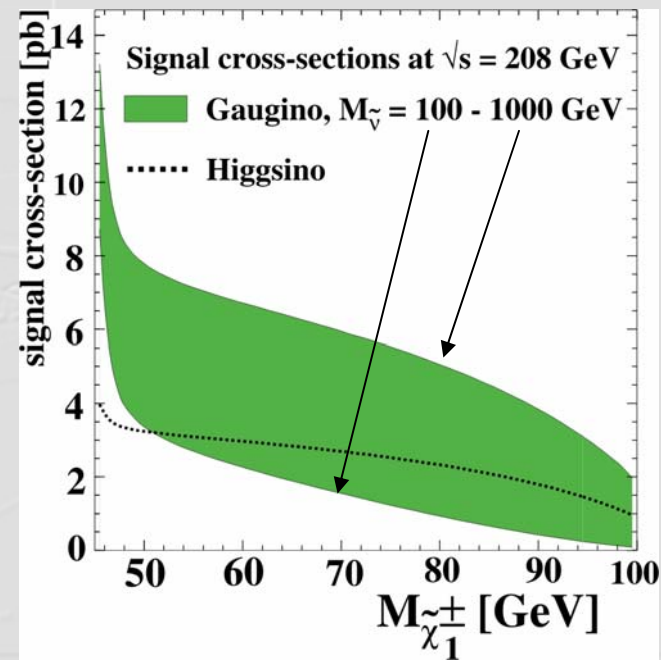
For  $\Delta M = M(\text{slepton}) - M(\text{LSP}) > 5 \text{ GeV}$

# Search for Charginos

## Production:

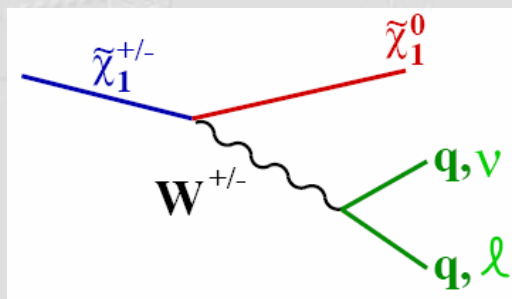


- Negative interference of t-channel
- cross section depends on composition of chargino (higgsino or gaugino)



## Decay:

For heavy sfermions

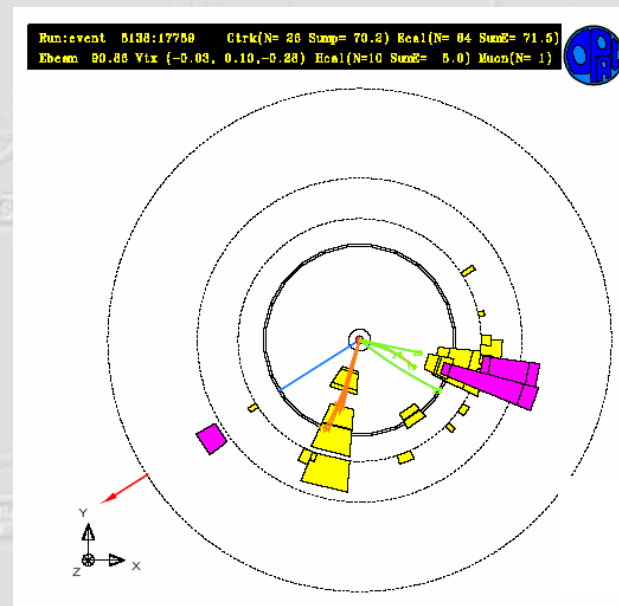
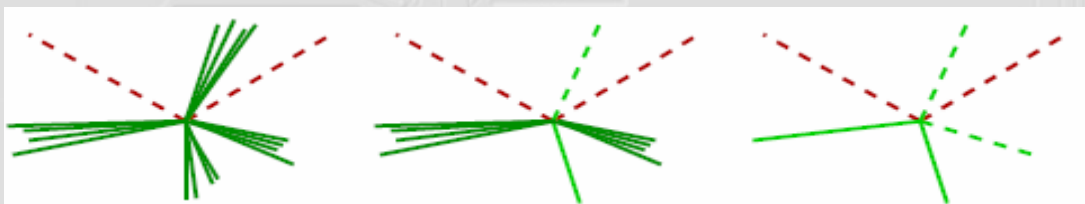


Exp. Signature: Missing energy +

4 jets

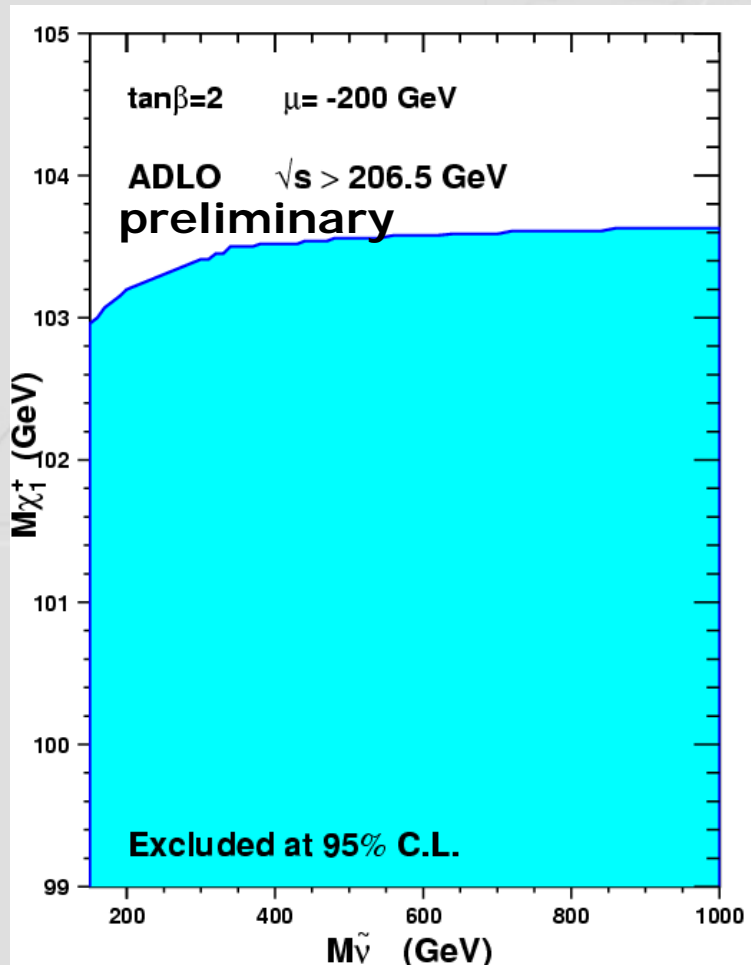
1 lepton 2 jets

2 leptons



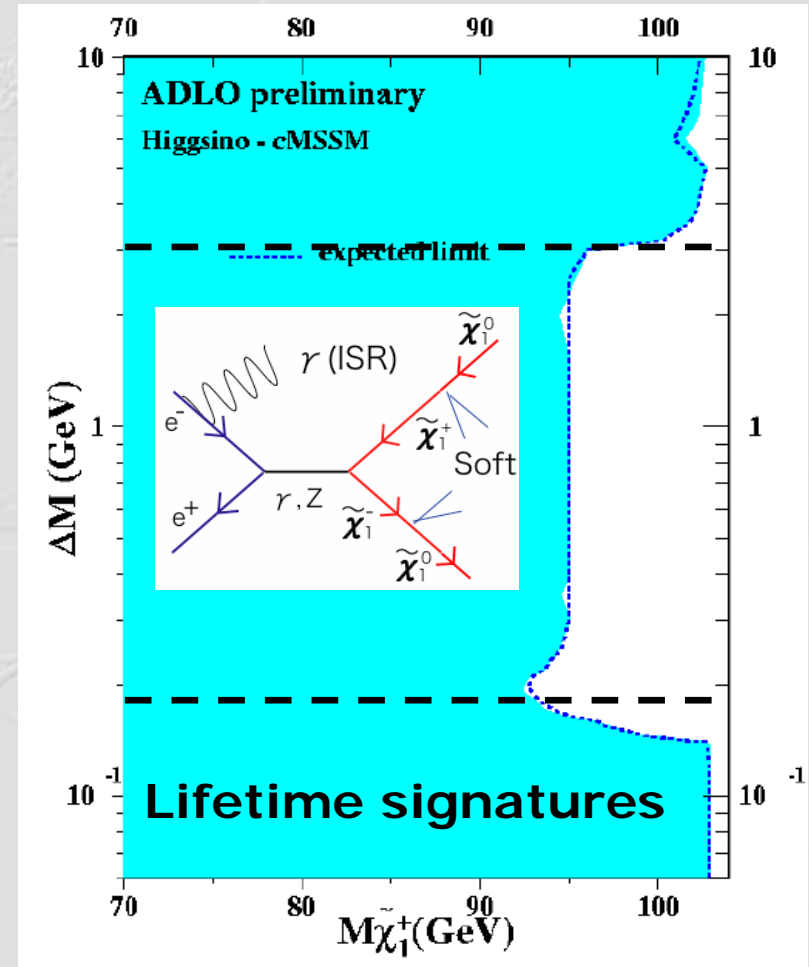
# Chargino Mass Limits (for heavy sfermions)

## Classical search ( $\Delta M > 3\text{ GeV}$ )



$M(\text{chargino}) > 103.5\text{ GeV}$   
 for  $M(\text{sneutrino}) > 300\text{ GeV}$

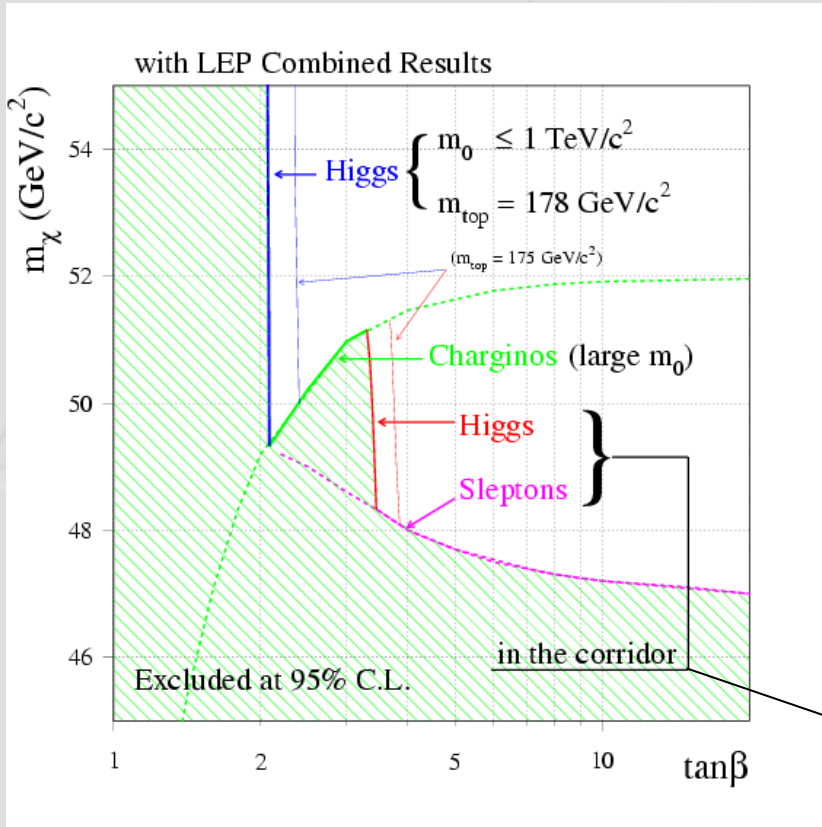
## Small $\Delta M$ searches



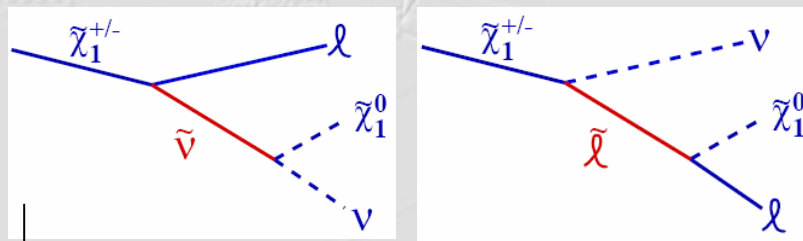
$M(\text{chargino}) > 92.4\text{ GeV}$   
 for Higgsino  $|\mu| \ll M_2$

# cMSSM LSP mass limit

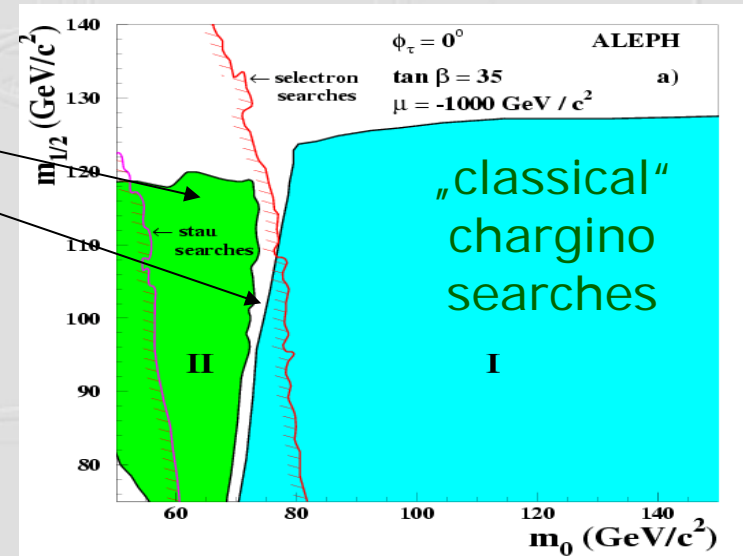
cMSSM:  $m_{1/2}$  gaugino mass,  $\mu$  Higgs mixing par.,  $m_0$  sfermion mass  
 A trilinear coupling,  $\tan\beta$  ratio of vevs,  $M_A$  CP odd Higgs mass



For small  $m_0$ : 2 body decays of chargino



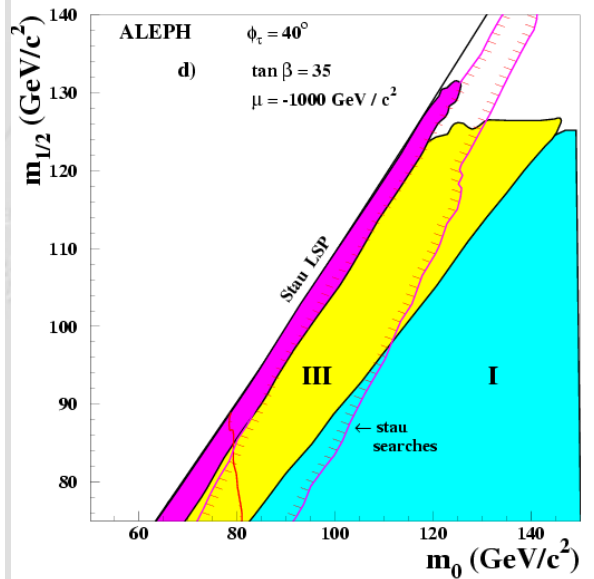
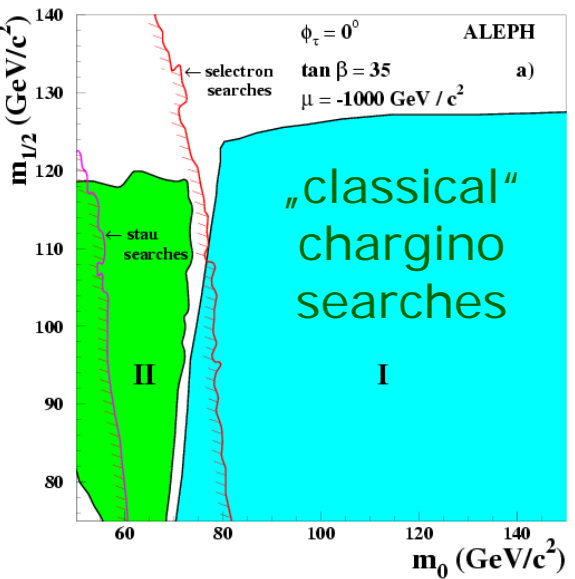
Invisible for  $M_{\chi^+} \sim M_{\tilde{\nu}}$ : corridor  
 → use GUT relation for  $m_0$   
 and slepton searches



LSP limit (in CMSSM) set by slepton searches in the corridor for large  $\tan\beta$

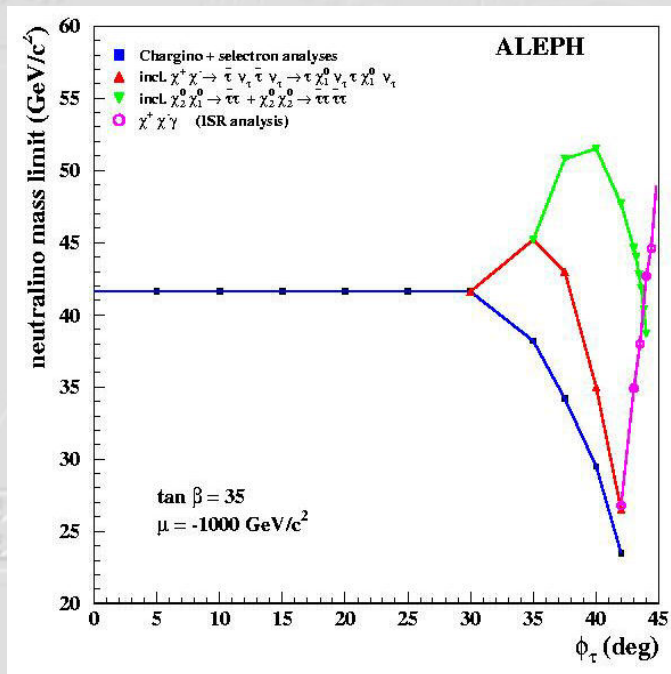
**$M_{LSP} > 47 \text{ GeV}$  (no stau mixing)**

# Effect of Stau mixing on cMSSM LSP Limit



Mixing in stau sector can make stau = NLSP

Critical case:  
Small  $\Delta m = m(\chi^{+-}) - m(\tilde{\tau})$



Dedicated searches needed for

$$\chi_1^+ \chi_1^- \rightarrow \tilde{\nu} \tilde{\nu} \rightarrow \tau \chi_1^0 \nu \tau \chi_1^0 \nu$$

$$\chi_2^0 \chi_2^0 \rightarrow \tau \tau \tau \chi_1^0 \chi_1^0 \quad \chi_2^0 \chi_1^0 \rightarrow \tau \tau \chi_1^0 \chi_1^0$$

to recover sensitivity (Region III)

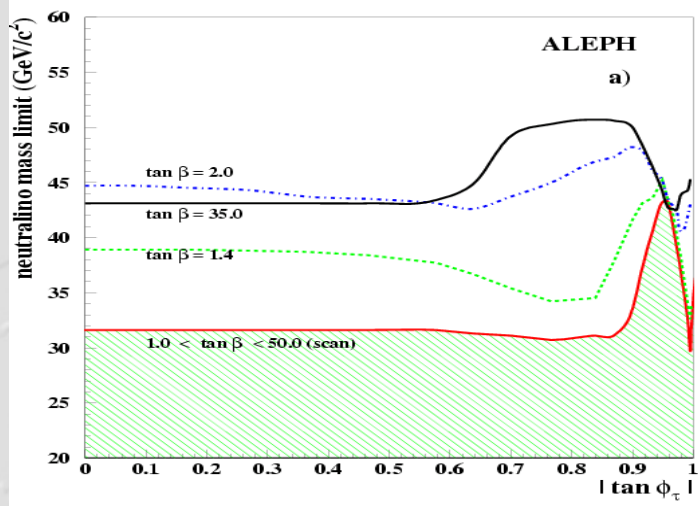
and  $\chi^+ \chi^-$  ISR analysis



# LSP Mass Limits

## ❖ cMSSM

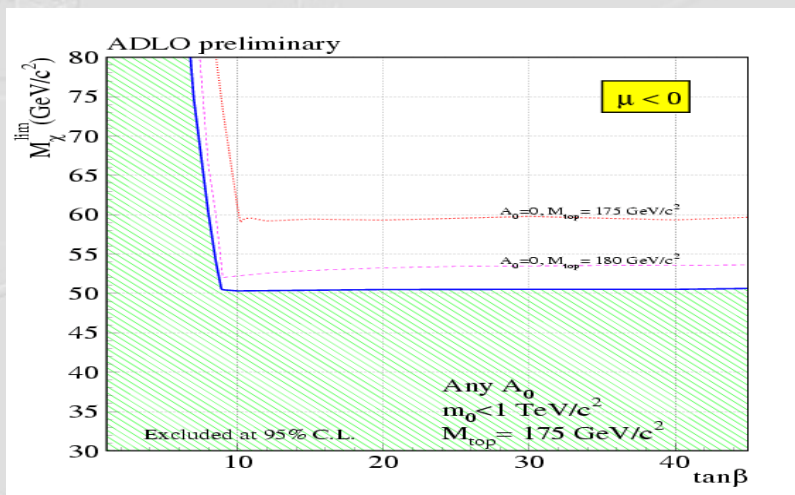
$M(\text{LSP}) > 29.7 \text{ GeV}$   
(only ALEPH)



| Stau mixing                     | tan $\beta$ range | Higgs searches | LSP mass lower limit   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------------|
| $\varphi_\tau = 0$              | $> 1.0$           | none           | $30.6 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ |
|                                 | $> 1.0$           | included       | $43.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ |
| Any $\varphi_\tau$              | $> 1.0$           | none           | $29.7 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ |
| $ A_\tau  < 20 \text{ TeV}/c^2$ | $> 1.0$           | none           | $30.6 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ |
| $ A_\tau  < 4 \text{ TeV}/c^2$  | $> 1.0$           | included       | $42.4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ |

## ❖ mSUGRA

$M(\text{LSP}) > 50.3 \text{ GeV}$



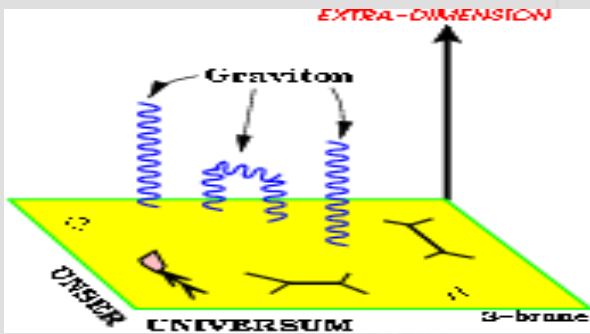
$m_{1/2} \quad m_0 \quad A \quad \tan \beta \quad \text{sign}(\mu)$

common scalar mass  
Higgs + sfermions

$\sim 1 \text{ GeV}$  smaller limit  
for  $1 \text{ GeV}$  larger  $m_t$

❖ MSSM: no GUT unification for sfermions and gauginos  
 $\rightarrow$  no lower limit on LSP mass from colliders

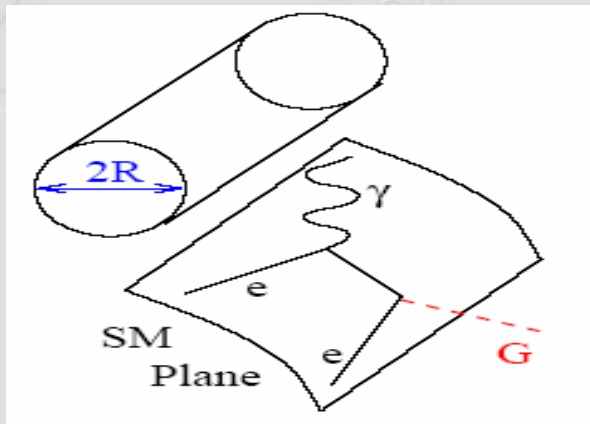
# Search for Signals from Extra Dimensions



- explain hierarchy between  $M_{Pl}$  and  $M_{EW}$  by introducing extra spatial dimensions (ED)
- simple models: only gravity „lives“ in new dim.

## ADD-Modell:

n large flat ED of size R

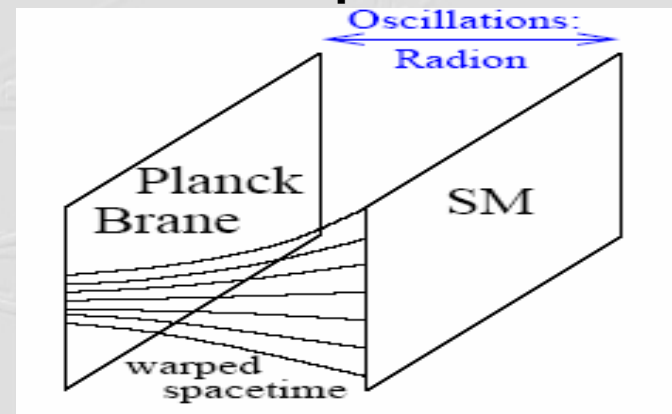


$$M_{Pl}^2 = (2 \pi R)^\delta M_D^{2+\delta}$$

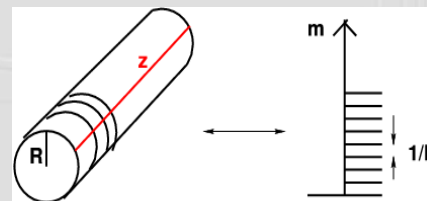
$\Delta M = \text{meV to } 10 \text{ MeV}$

## RS-Modell:

1 small warped ED



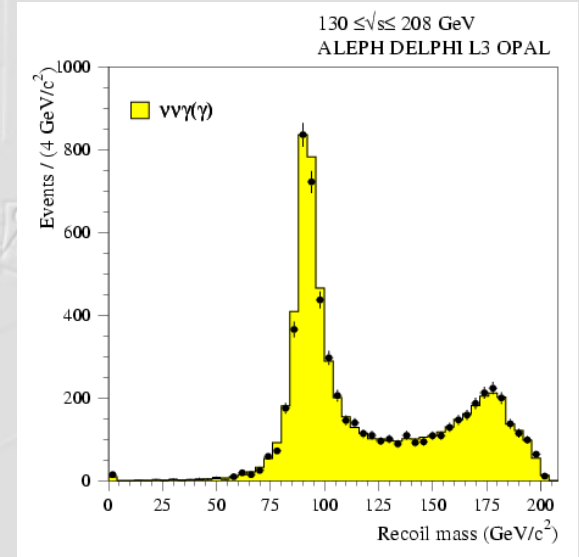
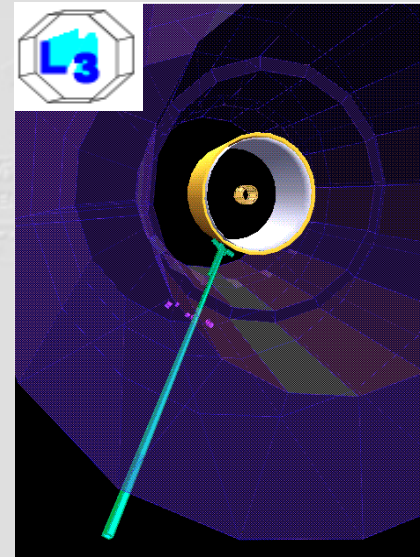
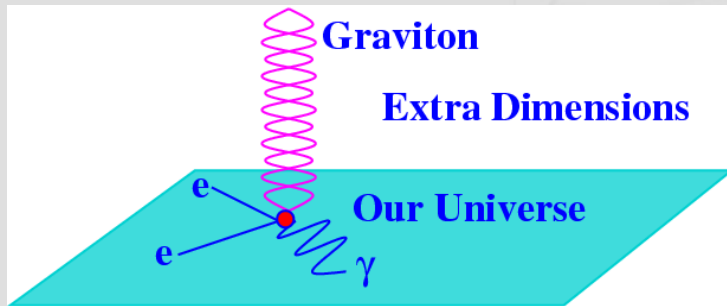
$$M_{Pl}^2 = \frac{M_D^3}{k} (1 - \exp(-2kR\pi))$$



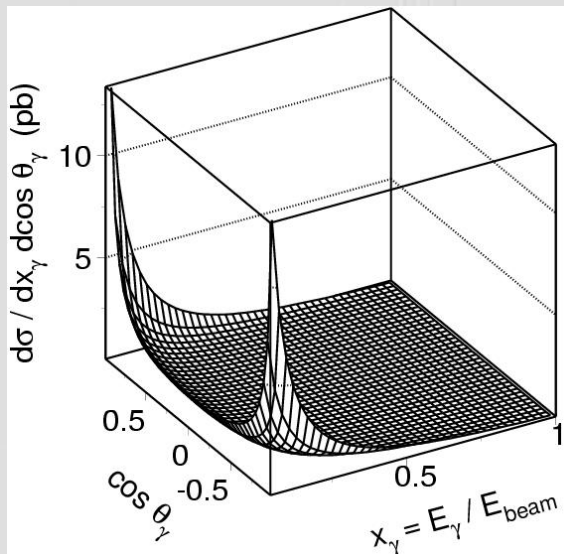
$M(KK1) \sim 1 \text{ TeV}$

# Direct Graviton Production in ADD-Model

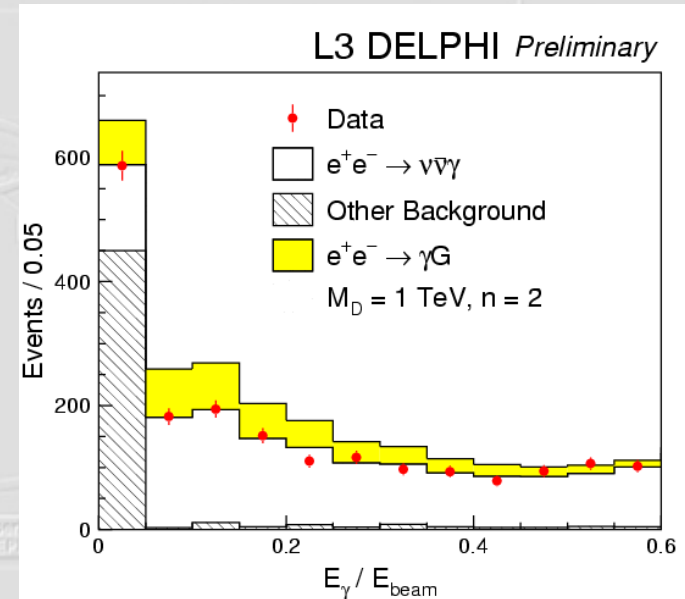
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow G \gamma \rightarrow E_{\text{miss}} + \text{photon}$$



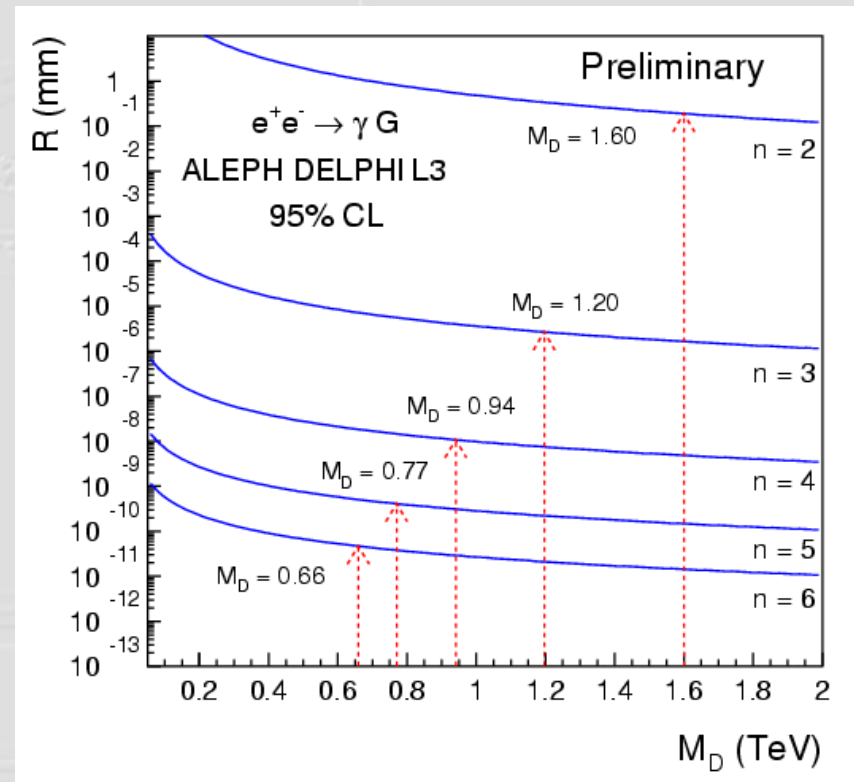
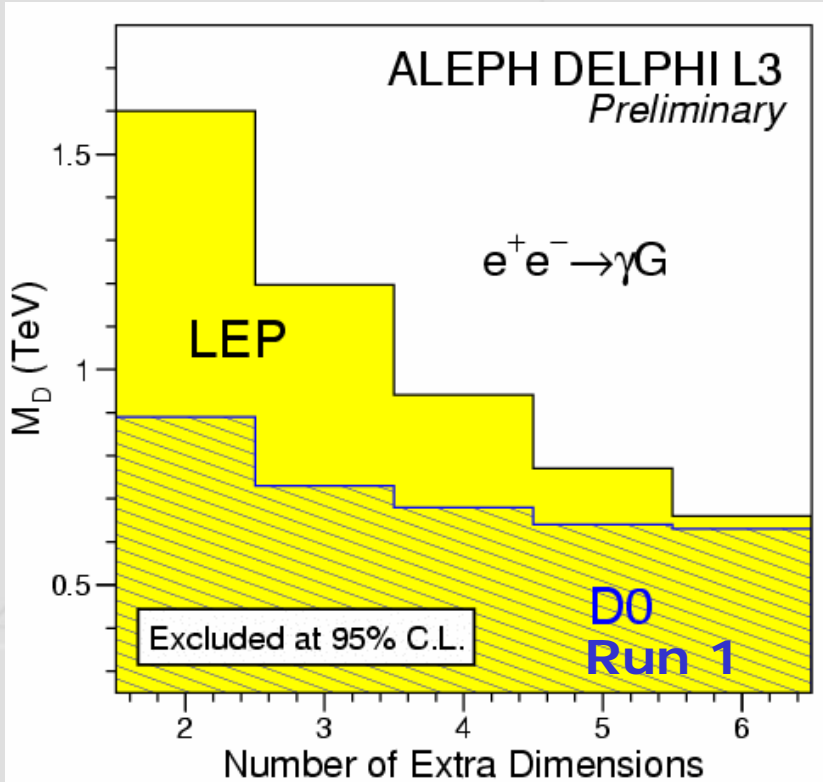
$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dx_\gamma d\cos\theta_\gamma} = \frac{\alpha}{32s} \frac{\pi^{\delta/2}}{\Gamma(\delta/2)} \left(\frac{\sqrt{s}}{M_D}\right)^{\delta+2} f(x_\gamma, \cos\theta_\gamma)$$



fit of two dim.  
photon spectrum  
to data for fixed  $\delta$   
 $\rightarrow$  lower limit on  $M_D$



# Limits on Planck scale $M_D$ and compactification radius $R$



| $\delta$    | 2    | 3                    | 4                    | 5                     | 6                     |
|-------------|------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| R(mm)       | .19  | $2.6 \times 10^{-6}$ | $1.1 \times 10^{-8}$ | $4.1 \times 10^{-10}$ | $4.6 \times 10^{-11}$ |
| $M_D$ (TeV) | 1.60 | 1.20                 | 0.94                 | 0.77                  | 0.66                  |

**limits at  
95%CL**

| $\delta$ | 4    | 6    | 7    |
|----------|------|------|------|
| CDF Run1 | 0.77 | 0.71 |      |
| DO Run2  | 0.68 | 0.66 | 0.68 |

TEVATRON limits  
larger for  $n > 5$

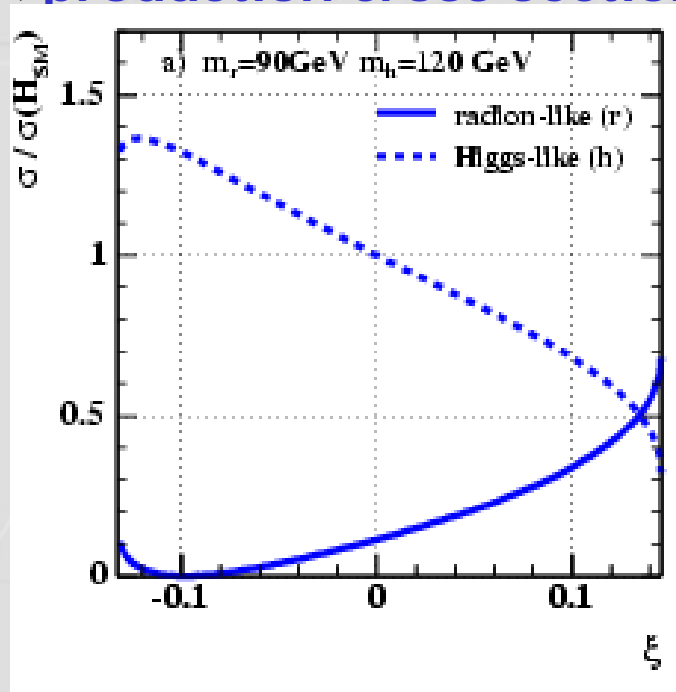
# Search For Radions in RS-Model

- in RS-Model 1st KK-excitation of graviton beyond reach of LEP
- radion, associated to interbrane fluctuations, might be light
- radion decays dominantly to gluons and can mix with Higgs boson

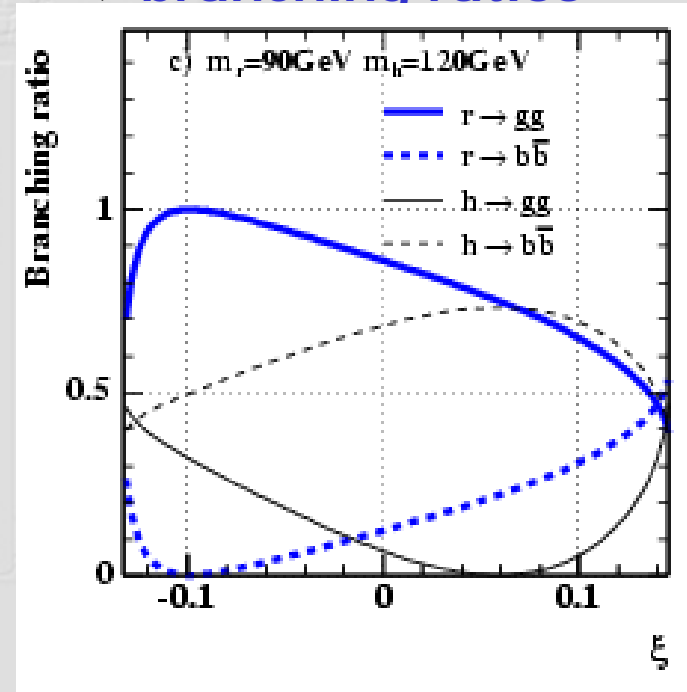
Model parameters: masses of radion and Higgs  $m_r$  and  $m_h$

mixing parameter  $\xi$  mass scale on SM brane  $\Lambda_W$

## ❖ production cross sections



## ❖ branching ratios

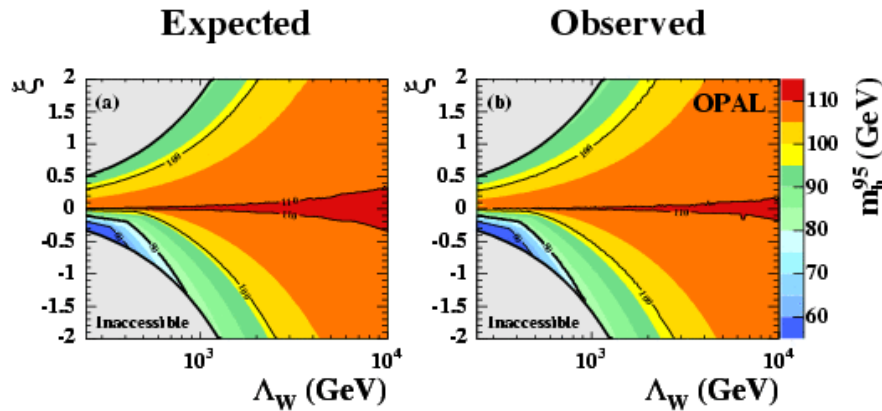




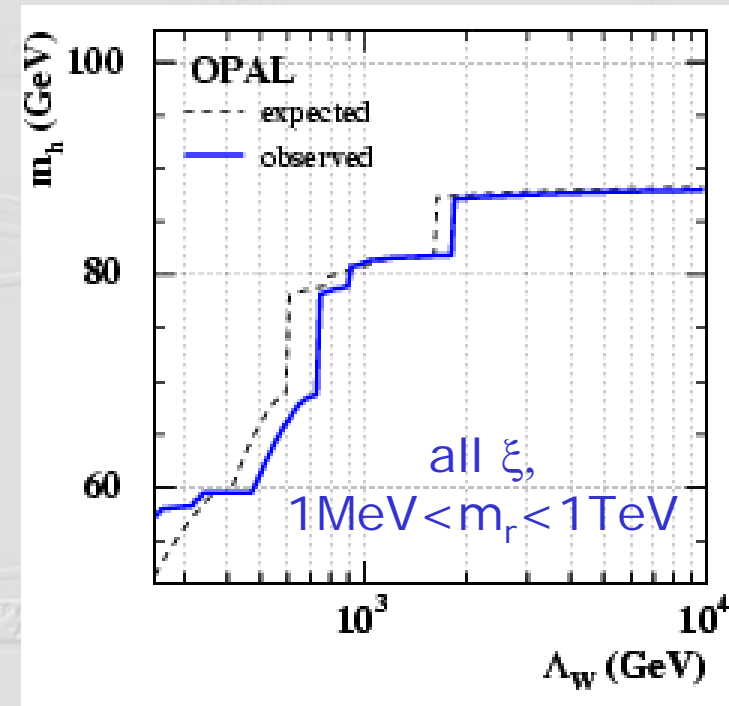
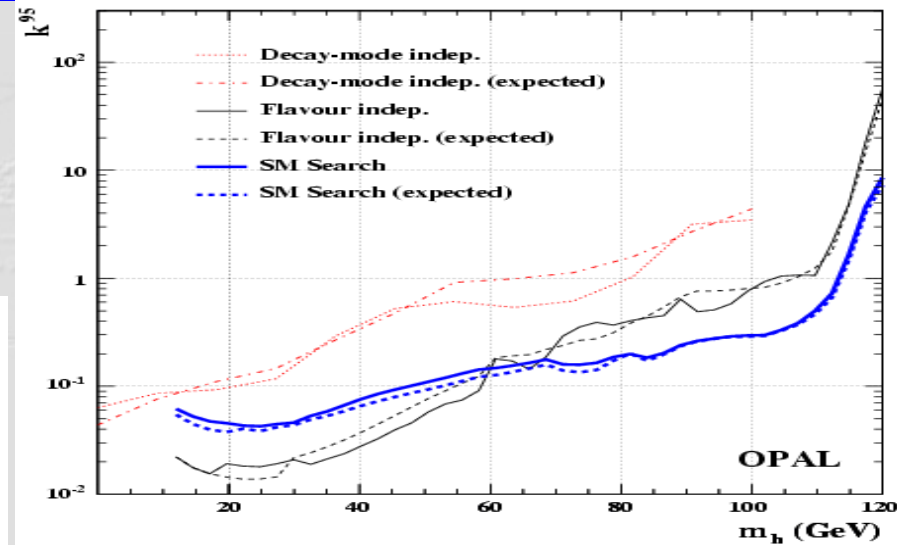
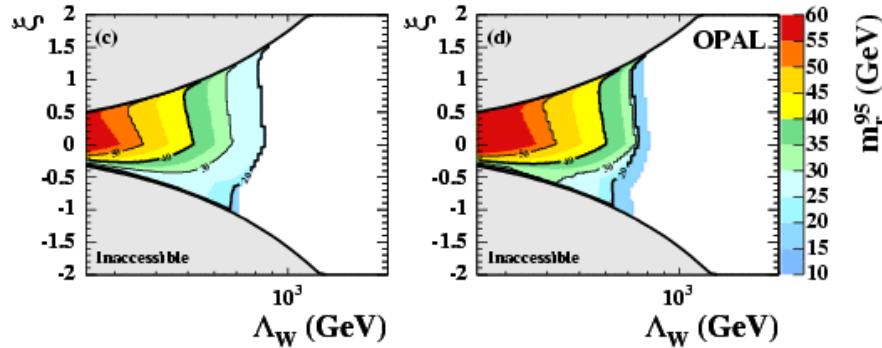
# Results on Search for Radions

exclude parameter space from:  
SM, flavour- and decay mode  
independent Higgs searches

Higgs



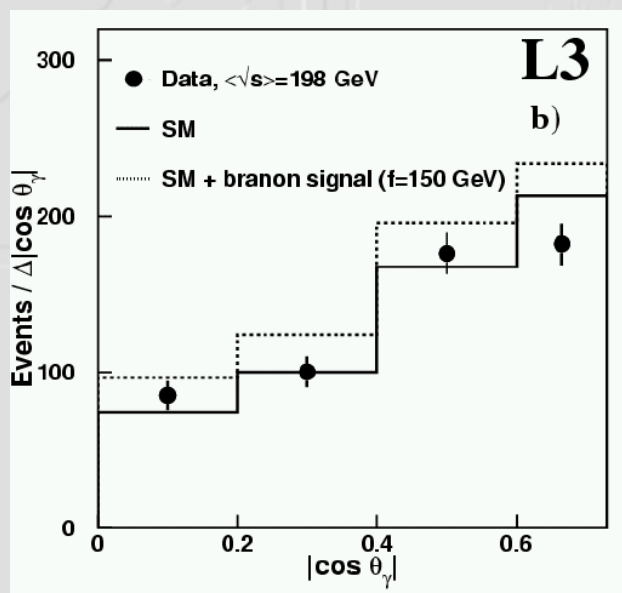
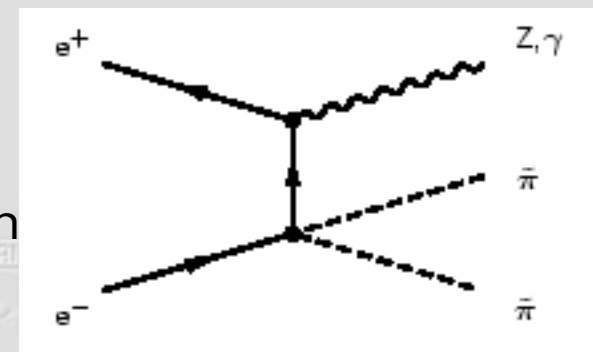
radion



- $m_h < 58 \text{ GeV}$  excluded for  $\Lambda_W > 246 \text{ GeV}$
- no limit on  $m_r$  independent on mixing

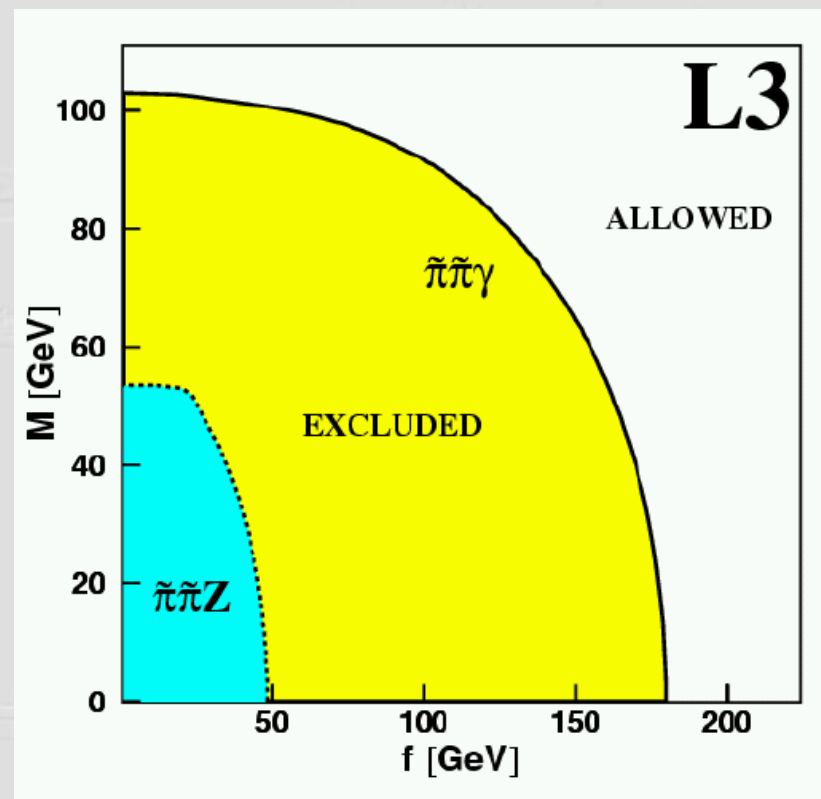
# Search For Branons

- Branons  $\Pi$  associated with brane fluctuations
- first signal if brane tension  $f \ll M_G$
- pair produced in association with photon or Z boson
- exp. signature: missing energy + photon (Z)



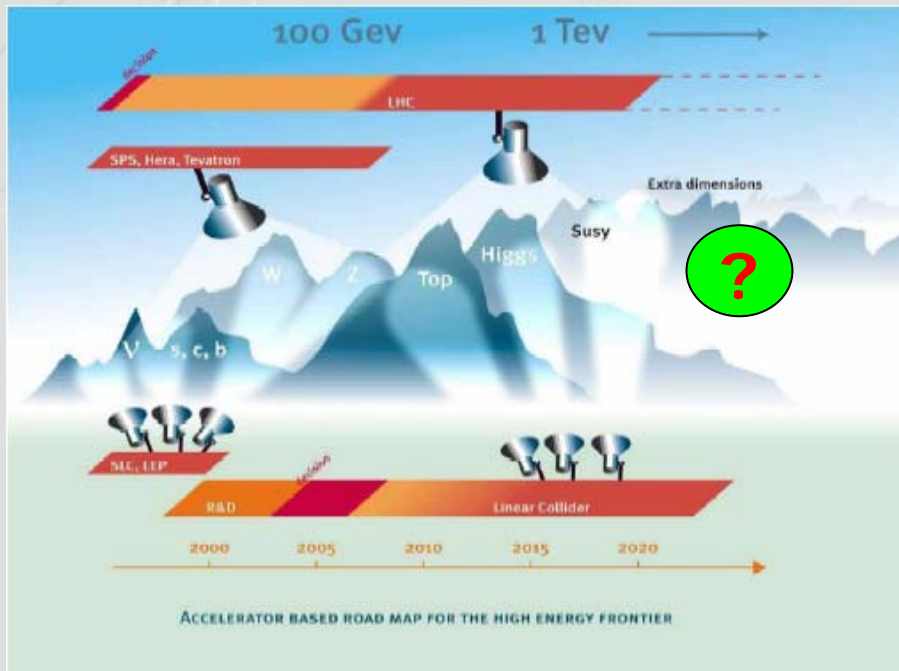
**$M > 103$  GeV for  $f \rightarrow 0$**

**$f > 180$  for  $M = 0$  GeV**



# Conclusions

- no hints for any kind of new physics at LEP:  
Higgs, SUSY, ED, Technicolour, Compositeness, Leptoquarks,...
- model independent cross section limits for hundreds of topologies  
mass limits and parameter exclusions in various models  
( **watch assumptions carefully !!** )



- now: wait for **discoveries** of (hopefully unexpected) new phenomena at TEVATRON, LHC and a future Linear Collider

Many thanks to Christoph Rembser and my colleagues from the LEP Higgs, SUSY and Exotica working groups